The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED JULY 12, 1786. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1875. VOL. 89.—NO. 103.

FIRST EDITION.

THE BROOKLYN SCANDAL.

The Examination of Mr. Tracy Concluded.

Mrs. Tilton Not to be Called on to Testify.

NEW YORK, April 30, 1875.

Mr. Beecher was not present at his trial to-day, but his wife and son were. There was a noticeable increase of lookers-on. The cross-examination of Mr. Tracy was continued as follows: I had a conversation with Mrs. Moulton at night; her husband made a short statement before the committee; I learned that night that a short statement had been proposed instead of the long one, and that Mrs. Moulton was instrumental in preparing it. [Shown a paper]. I presume this is the statement presented on the evening of August 10.

Witness' attention was called to the conversation with Mrs. Moulton on the 10th of August, and witness said he understood the conversation was confidential and he did not desire to make it known unless the lady should desire it; he said, however, it was not the conversation in which he (witness) was acting as counsel for the lady.

The witness continued: I had a conversation with Mrs. Moulton, but did not tell her she had

Saved Tae Old Man

nor advise her to burn her husband's long statement, telling her that if it were published it would cause her husband's ruin financially and socially. The short statement of Moulton to the Investigating Committee was read by Mr. Beach.

I was present at the meeting of the committee when this statement was presented by Moulton; I had a short interview with him at Storrs' house, before he presented this statement; he told me he would not present the long statement, but he had a shorter one as a substitute; I think he communicated its substance to me; Mr. Munson was present at that interview; I had a few interviews with Mrs. Moulton prior to this, but in one of these I never said to her to

Kick Tilton Out of the House

and burn the documents, as he would bring her family into trouble and disgrace; I saw Mr. Richards when he was before the committee; I did not ask him in this interview before he went before the committee if his sister admitted having committed adultery; he said he would communicate to me nothing of what he knew in regard to the matter. I had

An Interview with Bessie Turner

at Mrs. Ovington's before she went before the committee; I met her for the first time that afternoon; I had a conversation with her that evening in the parlor; I think I knew a gentleman named A. B. Martin, but I did not see him during that interview; I do not think the conversation lasted more than an hour, but I would swear it did not last two hours; after conversation with Mr. Woodruff last summer about the money payments, he reproached me for having told Moulton; I do not remember that I was present when Moulton was summoned before the committee or advising him not to go before that body, and I think that the papers sent by Mr. Butler were returned, as I directed one of my young men to do so; I received no letters from him asking for their return; I was not connected in this scandal with the church proceedings, but was with the deliberations of the Investigating Committee. During some portion of this scandal I have been

The Active Friend of Mr. Beecher,

more so since the publication of the Bacon letter; I do not recollect of writing articles for the papers before the Bacon letter made its appearance. I do not recall having given information to any prominent journals about the matter before the Bacon letter; since the Bacon letter I published two interviews of mine in the papers, but I have not prepared articles for publication favorable to Beecher; I have not dictated or published an article on any subject since 1871, but during this time I have talked, however, with newspaper men on the subject as to the phrases in it, and they have given me my views of it; the first interview I had with Beecher was the week after the interview between General Butler and myself on the 11th of August at my lodging house. Beecher was not in the house then, and I was not acting for him. In regard to the interview at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, Beecher knew nothing about it. I was counsel for Woodruff and Robinson in a Government matter, which did not come to litigation. At no time in this examination have I given any information about these litigations of the firm.

Mr. Evarts here announced that the defense rested.

The Question of Mrs. Tilton Testify-

Mr. Beach rose, and said it was due to his side to state that they made no objection to the other side producing Mrs. Tilton in this suit, and would waive all objections and interpose no barrier to it. Although she was an incompetent witness under the statute, they consented on their part that the other side could use Mrs. Tilton as a witness if they desired to do so.

Mr. Evarts said it had never been a serious question with them whether Mrs. Tilton would be a witness, as they knew the law was against it. Now, if Mrs. Tilton could at any time have been admitted, there were grave questions to be considered, and that if his client acceded any further evidence, it would be his duty to adduce such evidence. They had not been brought to any point in which they were led to consider the force of the evidence.

Mr. Beach said that in his view of the policy of the law, the counsel was mistaken in the intent of the law as to the propriety of allowing the wife to defend herself. It was not the policy of the law to forbid that adverse position, but he only mentioned this matter first, so that if the counsel desired to produce this lady they were at perfect liberty to do so.

Mr. Evarts said he did not believe the consent of the counsel in opposition to him made the wife a competent witness.

Judge Neilson said there was no question about the allowability of the other side to offer this lady as a witness. It would be a very trying position for her, and, on the whole, he was glad the lady was not offered as a witness.

The Court here took the usual recess.

Rebutting Testimony.

After the recess Chas. C. Stanley and G. W. Maddox were called in rebuttal. They testified that Tilton was not with Mrs. Woodhull in the Rossel procession.

John Swinton was next called. He testified: I reside in New York, and am connected with Theodore Tilton, and knew him slightly in 1871. I also know Mrs. Woodhull and Miss Claflin by sight. I remember the Rossel procession, and was in it in company with Tilton. We walked arm-in-arm together. I joined the procession at Eighth street, and Tilton was with an old gentleman, whom I think he introduced to me as Mr. Gregory. I did not see Mrs. Woodhull or Miss Claflin during the procession. Tilton was with me during the whole line of march, and we were walking arm-in-arm the whole time. When the procession ended I went with Tilton, and we parted at Fourteenth street and Union square, and I did not then see Mrs. Woodhull or Miss Claflin.

Cross-examined.

I did not suppose when I went to the procession that Tilton would be in it. I was surprised to see him there.

Mr. Beach at this point said that if it would be convenient to the other gentlemen, some members of the jury would like an early adjournment.

OSHKOSH.

The Prospects of the Stricken City Said to be Already Brightening—Business Blocks to be Rebuilt—Insurance Men Looking After Their Interests—500 Dwellings and 69 Business Houses Destroyed—The Loss About $2,500,000.

CHICAGO, April 30.—The *Times'* special from Oshkosh says the prospect at that city is already brightening, and the prospects are that before winter a majority of the business blocks will be rebuilt. The debris is cleared away from the principal streets, which are thronged with visitors, who have come to see the ruins from all directions. Insurance men are present from all parts of the country. They do not take a discouraging view of the conflagration as a general thing, and not a few have declared they will stand ready to renew their risks. The structures burned down were generally pretty well insured, and are owned by men who can afford to rebuild.

The vaults of the First National Bank were opened to-day, and the contents found intact. Sixty-nine business structures were destroyed, and about half of these will be rebuilt immediately.

The police to-day made a careful count, and found that large and small, the sum total of dwellings destroyed is about five hundred. These are valued at an average of $2,500, which gives an aggregate loss of $1,250,000, which is probable nearer the correct figure. The loss on business houses is about $1,000,000, and on the lumber interests from $200,000 to $250,000, making a total of about two and a half millions, on which the insurance is fully one million, or fifty per cent. of the loss. The agency that did the most business lost all its books, but have nearly arrived at the correct figures of their losses.

The Insurance.

CHICAGO, April 30.—The following insurance companies are known to have lost by the Oshkosh fire, in addition to those already sent: Mercantile, Chicago, $1,200; Allemannia, Pittsburgh, $5,000; Glens Falls, $3,000; Black River, $2,000; Atlas, Hartford, $15,000; Niagara, New York, $25,000; German-American, $6,500; Commercial, St. Louis, $3,000; Etna, Hartford, $40,000; Home, New York, $50,000; Liverpool, London and Globe, $50,000; Mellville, N. J., estimated at $6,000.

Later.—The following are the amounts sustained by each company, as nearly as most diligent inquiry can fix them, that is, the figures that will be found correct in the main offices: Home, N. Y., $100,000; Ætna, Hartford, $80,000; North American, Philadelphia, $70,000; London, Liverpool & Globe, $60,000; Phœnix of Hartford, $45,000; Springfield, Mass., Fire & Marine, $45,000; Continental, New York, $40,000; Northwestern National, Milwaukee, $44,000; North British Mercantile, $30,000; Hartford of Hartford, $30,000; New Underwriters, $30,000; Allemania, Pittsburgh, $25,000; Madison Mutual, $20,000; Phœnix, Brooklyn, $21,500; Niagara of New York, $17,000; Orient, Hartford, $16,500; German American, New York city, $25,000; Lancashire of England, $20,000; Penn of Philadelphia, $10,000; Pennsylvania, $15,000; Fire Association of Philadelphia, $12,000; People's of Memphis, St. Paul Fire and Marine, Connecticut of Hartford, and Atlas of Hartford, $10,000 each; Fire and Marine of Detroit, and Brewers of Milwaukee, $8,000 each; Citizens of Newark, New Orleans Association, Franklin of Wheeling, and Melville, New Jersey, $6,000 each; Home of Columbus, $6,800; Planters of Memphis, Black River of Watertown, America of Pittsburgh, National of Hartford, Faneuil Hall of Boston, Fireman's of San Francisco, and Franklin of Philadelphia, $5,000 each; St. Joseph of Missouri, $3,600; Traders of Chicago and Globe of Chicago, $3,000 each; Merchants of Newark, $2,000.

Outside the lumber interest the insurance is about 50 per cent. The losses among heavy losers are James & Stelle, $90,000, insurance $7,100; R. L. Bigger, $70,000, insurance $40,000; McKey & Folds, $35,000; Clark & Forbes, $40,000, insurance $21,000; S. M. Hay & Bro., $45,000; R. P. Watson, $40,000, insurance $10,000; Cell & Rogers, $25,000.

A Relief Committee

has been organized, and substantial assistance for the afflicted is arriving from Fon du Lac and other neighboring cities. Last evening, at a meeting of the Council, the fire limits were pushed forward in the direction in which fire always threatens. The object is to take the saw and planing mills out of the locality.

LOUISVILLE.

Vice President Wilson on a Tour—Two Little Boys Burned to Death.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 30.—Vice President Wilson arrived in the city this morning, and during the day has received a large number of calls from prominent gentlemen of both political parties. To-night he is given a reception by Gen. J. M. Harland, and to-morrow goes to Frankfort as the guest of Col. Stoddart Johnson. From Frankfort he will go to Lexington to visit John C. Breckinridge, who, as Vice President, presided over the Senate during one of Mr. Wilson's earliest terms. He will spend Sunday in Lexington, and thence start on his western trip, intending to spend some weeks in California.

In Estelle county, last Wednesday, the wife of Albert Long went to a neighbor's to borrow meal for breakfast. While she was gone the house took fire and burned to the ground, consuming two little boys, one five and the other three years old, and on the fact that some clothing had been carried out, the neighbors believe that the older child had gone out of the house and returned for his little brother, when both were burned.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, April 30, 1875.

Poisoned Salt.

The discovery has been made that a considerable portion of the cargo of salt, of the ship Niagara, recently arrived here, became impregnated with arsenic from barrels of the latter which were broken during a tempestuous voyage. Considerable quantities which had been sold had been returned. Some of those most interested in the cargo are much dissatisfied with Dr. Doremus' analysis and have submitted many samples to another chemist, hopeful that at least seventy-five per cent. of this salt may yet be pronounced saleable. It is certain, that very little, if any, of the poisonous stuff has actually entered into consumption. The presence in the city of poisoned salt was made known through a warm discussion in the Custom House between the officials and interested importers.

Obituary.

Oliver Charlick, late Police Commissioner and President of the Long Island Railroad, died to-day.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 30, 1875.

The Civil Rights Act.

Judges Brooks and Dick, in their charges to the Grand Jury in North Carolina, declared the criminal features of the Civil Rights act unconstitutional, as no law could say men are socially equal.

The Internal Revenue Receipts

to-day were $362,577; receipts for the month, $7,022,381. A comparison of the receipts for the first four months this year with the corresponding period of 1874 shows an increase of $2,530,061.

Cabinet Meeting.

The Cabinet was in session but a short time to-day. All the members were present except Secretary Delano and Postmaster General Jewell. No business of importance was considered.

WILKESBARRE.

Death of Officer Reibsenuer.

WILKESBARRE, PA., April 30.—Officer Reibsenuer, shot by the Connells yesterday, died this morning.

Meteorological Summary.

The following is a summary of the observations made at Pittsburgh during the month of April by the Signal Service Observer.

Barometer.—Mean, 29.958; highest, 30.388; lowest 29.352.

Temperature.—Mean—46.5; highest, 82; lowest, 14. Mean temperature in April, 1875; 48 same month in 1874, 43.3; 1875, 46.5.

Winds.—Prevailing direction, northwest; greatest velocity, 36 miles per hour; total number of miles, 4,481.

Rainfall, 2.09. Number of clear days, 8; fair, 7; days on which rain or snow fell, 13; cloudy 2.

SECOND EDITION

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Answer of Belgium to Germany's Last Note.

Terrible Colliery Explosion in England.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Terrible Colliery Explosion.

LONDON, May 1—2 A. M.—A terrible explosion occurred yesterday afternoon in the Bunker's Hill colliery, North Staffordshire, while the miners were at work. At midnight twelve bodies had been taken out. Twenty-three men are yet in the mine. There is no hope that any of them will be recovered alive.

The American Riflemen.

In the House of Commons, last evening, Mr. Sullivan renewed his inquiry whether the members of the American team who were coming to Ireland to take part in the international rifle contest would be exempted from the obligations of the law forbidding the carrying of arms.

Sir Michael H. Beach, Chief Secretary for Ireland, said arrangements had been made to prevent any interference with the American riflemen, and they would have no reason to complain of the operation of this or any other law.

BELGIUM.

An Answer to Germany's Last Note.

BRUSSELS, April 30.—Belgium sent an answer to-day to Germany's last note. Count Aspremont Lynden, Minister of Foreign Affairs, will make explanations in regard to the correspondence in the Chamber of Representatives on Tuesday next.

AUSTRALIA.

The Escaped Communists.

MELBOURNE, April 30.—It is supposed Dr. Rastroul and his Commune companions who escaped from New Caledonia, perished, as fragments of their boat have been found.

FRANCE.

Death of a Centenarian.

PARIS, April 30.—The death is announced of the famous traveler and artist, Jean Frederic de Waldeck, at the extraordinary age of 110 years.

NEW ORLEANS.

Suits Against Charles Clinton, State Auditor, and His Sureties.

NEW ORLEANS, April 30.—Wm. P. Kellogg, Governor of the State of Louisiana, suing for the use of said State, and represented by A. P. Field, Attorney General, has filed a petition in the Superior District Court against Charles Clinton, late Auditor, and his securities on his special bond, Chas. Menard, Chas. G. Slayback, Wm. Dillon, J. M. Schwarz and Geo. C. Benham, *in solido*, for the amount of $10,000, to recover judgment against said Clinton, for the sum of $279,783.83, the amount received from tax collectors in the year 1873, unaccounted for, detained and withheld by said Clinton; for the further sum of $60,300, the amount illegally paid Janes Longstreet; for the further sum of $45,382.55, the amount illegally taken from tax collectors by said Clinton, and used by him, and for the further sum of $138,577.33, the amount charged to be due; for illegal issuing, per warrants, to Geo. W. Benham, for $34,500; James B. Wands, for $14,372; E. W. Dewees, for $27,500; W. Lowell, $14,278; Jas. S. Matthews, $14,500; J. H. Oglesby, $33,407.30.

The above warrants were issued under the legislative voucher appropriations for 1870, 1871, and 1872, act No. 69 of 1874, and represented what was known as the Pinckney Smith legislative vouchers for this year. The warrants in the petition are contained in the articles of impeachment.

MICHIGAN.

A Fishing Fleet Caught in a Storm —Several Vessels, With Their Crews, Lost.

ST. JOSEPH, Mich., April 30.—Yesterday forenoon about eleven o'clock a furious and bewildering wind and rain storm came from the northeast, and caught a portion of the fishing fleet, about nine vessels, some engaged in lifting their nets of the day before and some in the act of paying out their nets, and sent them suddenly off toward shore, with the following result: The Sea Lion, Capt. Springstern, stranded at the Grand Marr; Southwind, Capt. Clanfoot, with four men aboard, is undoubtedly lost. General Hooker, Capt. Myers, is on the beach, three miles south; Planet, Capt. Geneit, at Brown's pier; Seagull, Capt. Frank Keyank, with three men, lost; E. B. Perkins, Capt. F. Dalk, with four men, lost, as three men were recognized while floundering in the water by a schooner passing at a distance without being able to give any assistance. The fleet having their banks to the northward had a lively run to get in safe with their effects, and had an exceeding small lift.

NASHVILLE.

A Police Officer Killed While in the Performance of His Duty.

NASHVILLE, April 30.—Robert Frazier, a policeman, was shot and killed at one o'clock this afternoon, while in the performance of his duty, by Joe Reed, colored. Reed was whipping his wife. Some of the neighbors sent for officer Frazier, who hurried to Reed's residence, and as he entered the door, and remarked to Reed he would have to arrest him, Reed shot him twice, once in the mouth and through the heart, killing him instantly. Reed then attempted to make his escape, but was captured about half a mile from his home, in an old brewery cellar, and hurried to jail to keep him out of the hands of a threatened mob. The excitement is intense, and there is every probability of an attempt to lynch him to-night. Jailor Hervey is taking every precaution to keep him secure from mob violence. Frazier was very popular and universally esteemed.

PERSONAL.

***A. H. Coffroth, Esq., of Somerset county, was yesterday admitted to practice in the Allegheny County Courts.

***Senator Wood's speech-making in the Legislature last winter cost the State, for printing, $130.40, within five dollars of as much as the remarks of the three Republican Senators from this county, cost.

***City Solicitor Bigelow has notified President Kaylor, of the Pittsburgh Bolt Company, that the city cannot pay the expense of the policemen detailed to guard the colored puddlers. The bill for police duty aggregates $600. The matter will likely be discussed at the meeting of the Police Committee to-night.

***Prof. A. E. Frost, of the Allegheny Observatory, delivered a very interesting lecture in Plymouth church, Allegheny, last evening. Prof. Frost, though a young man, is a gentleman of fine culture, and is well versed in the beauties and mysteries of astronomical science, so that what he says is instructive, and the way he says it entertaining.

***Elsewhere in to-day's paper announcement is made of the candidacy of Mr. W. H. McCleary, for Clerk of Courts. Mr. McCleary has held the office for the past three years, and has discharged its duties in a manner that entitles him to the highest praise. He has made an efficient official—one who was alike popular with the Court and the people.

HUGUS & HACKE.

Silk Department.

We have now open an extra large stock of Black and Colored Silks, to which we desire to call special attention. In Black Silks we offer very decided bargains in all the best known makes. Our specialty in Hand-made Black Silks we strongly recommend, being satisfied that a trial will demonstrate its superiority over any silk in the market at similar prices. In Colored Silks we show a very large assortment at popular prices.

HUGUS & HACKE,
FIFTH AVENUE AND MARKET STREET.

The Noblest of the Nobby.

Young man, of course you like to be well dressed; this is but right, and nothing morally wrong in it, the preacher to the contrary notwithstanding. But you should prepare for old age while in the bloom of youth and manhood, and to this end you should wear the nobby suits sold by the Boston One Price Clothing House, legal smith-field street, as you can buy a good business or dress suit for less than half of what you would pay for the same suit by ordering it from the piece. This is a great saving in the course of a year, and you will be surprised to see how your bank account will pile up by and by.

Whitewashers

should buy their Brushes at the factory. A good, reliable Brush can be bought at J. D. Thompson & Co., 176 and 178 Wood street.

Feather Brushes,

and every other kind of Brushes, at the manufactory of J. D. Thompson & Co.'s, 176 and 178 Wood street.

Don't miss superb illustrations of the New York *Graphic*. Buy to-day at Pittock's; 5 cents.

Artificial Stone,

71 Federal street, Allegheny.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.

—The President may go to his home in Missouri before he removes for the summer to Long Branch.

—D. H. Mears, a prominent business man of Cincinnati, engaged in the manufacture of stoves, died suddenly on Friday afternoon of apoplexy.

—The steamboat Selkirk arrived on Friday morning at Fort Garry, heavily loaded with passengers and freight, being the first boat of the season to get through on the Red river of the North.

—Douglass woods, near West Sutton, Mass., are on fire, and nearly seven hundred acres are already burned over. The principal losers are Henry Stockwell, Milton Humes and John Humes.

—Dispatches from various points in Minnesota say the recent cold weather has destroyed the young grasshoppers, and the general belief is expressed that there will be no further trouble from this pest.

—During a gale last Thursday evening, a barge laden with iron ore, bound from Ontario to Charlotte, was abandoned, and is supposed to be lost, with four persons. The Leighton Iron Works at East Rochester, N. Y., were blown down. Loss $50,000.

—The trustees of the Cincinnati Southern railroad have awarded to the Baltimore Bridge Company the contract to build a bridge over the Kentucky river. The bridge is to be two hundred and seventy-five feet high, and twelve hundred feet long, and the cost $377,500.

—M. B. Johns, County Commissioner of McLeod county, Minn., was attacked on Thursday by Chas. Lampka, while engaged in surveying. Lampka attacked Johns with a pitchfork, running one of the tines the whole length of his arm. Johns, in self-defense, killed his assailant by crushing his skull with a stone.

—The jury in the case of Isaac Brandt, a former State Treasurer of Iowa, who has been on trial for the embezzlement of State funds, have brought in a verdict of guilty on the second count, which fixes the amount embezzled at one thousand dollars. There are seven more indictments against Brandt, but none of them will be tried this term.

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

····The Coroner held fifteen inquests last month.

····The bill for draping City Hall in honor of the late Mayor Blackmore has not yet been paid.

····The report that Martin Amman was dead is incorrect. He was still living yesterday afternoon.

····The retiring spring has caused the price of hay to advance seven dollars per ton over last week's rates.

····The total cost of speech-making in the Legislature last winter was $7,367, of which $4,750.12 is credited to the House.

····Henry Wilson, charged with larceny, was surrendered on a bail piece yesterday, and was committed to jail. His bondsman was Louis J. Welsh.

····Patrick Jeffey was committed yesterday in default of $1,000 bail by Alderman D. McKelvy, for trial at Court. The defendant is charged with burglary.

····The house of Richard Davis on Ridge avenue Allegheny, was discovered on fire in the garret yesterday afternoon, but it was extinguished by a few well directed pails of water.

····A woman named Ellen Cayley entered Smith's saloon on Ohio street, near Sandusky street, Allegheny, last evening, and destroyed about $50 worth of glassware. She was arrested and removed to the lock-up.

····John Noe, formerly a teamster for the Castle Shannon Coal company, has been missing from his home since the 21st of January. Any one knowing anything about him his wife would be glad to hear what it is.

····At an adjourned meeting of the North Sub-district (Fourth ward) School Board, held at the school house last evening, Miss Annie M. Russell was elected to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mrs. H. H. Horrow.

····A slight fire occurred in the residence of Mr. A. White at No. 110 North avenue, Allegheny, yesterday afternoon, but the damage done by the fire was of little importance, but the house was flooded with water, the department being called out.

····The Allegheny Board of Fire Directors are considering the advisability of erecting a telegraph line between the new Poor House at Claremont and their office in the City Building. It is also proposed to purchase several Babcock fire distinguishers to be placed in the Poor House.

····An action in ejectment was begun in the Common Pleas Court No. 1 yesterday by D. B. Hunter et ux. for use of the latter, and others vs. Joseph Wray for the recovery of twenty-six acres of land in Jefferson township. A writ was issued, returnable the first Monday in May.

····A bill in equity was filed in the Common Pleas Court yesterday by Julius Prager against Louis Strauss, asking that a receiver be appointed to take charge of the books of the latter firm, of which both parties were members, and that a just and equitable division be made of the proceeds.

····The wind storm yesterday and the day before blew down U. P. church, on the Butler plank road, about one mile this side of Bakerstown, also the walls of the White Lead works on Forty-fifth street, the gable end of No. 30 Overhill street and a portion of the Pest House.

····A lady who resides on Montery street, Allegheny, called at the Mayor's office in that city yesterday morning and reported that a gold watch had been stolen from her residence, and then fainted. She soon revived again, and took one of the officers to her house, when the watch was found lying on the table.

····On Thursday some men who were engaged in grading some lots on Vinial street, Allegheny, proceeded to blast some rock which had to be removed. The charge used was so large that large pieces of stone were thrown about eight hundred feet and fell on the roofs of Detective Miller's, Mr. Blumhagen and Mr. Kurtz's house on Centre street, damaging them somewhat.

····A man by the name of S. F. Neal, who kept a restaurant and eating house in Lafayette Hall, on Wood street, died of heart disease about eight o'clock yesterday morning, while in an eating saloon kept by J. D. Shaw. An inquest was held on the body and a verdict was rendered in accordance with the facts. Deceased was fifty-five years of age and leaves a wife and grown-up son. He is said to have been subject to attacks of heart disease.

····The day of fasting and prayer in the interest of the temperance cause, was observed at the Alliance rooms yesterday morning, the exercises being well attended. At two o'clock there was an adjournment to the Second Avenue M. E. Church, and in the evening a grand mass meeting was held on the South Side, at which addresses were made by a number of the prominent leaders in the movement. It was throughout an impressive service.

····Wm. Semple's *Ladies' Journal*, for May, has just been issued as fresh and beautiful as the month of blossoms. The illustrations in this number are profuse and very fine, and the reading matter is of a choice character. We are not surprised to find in our rambles, that the journal finds a place in the affections of the people generally, for it is one of the best home journals—pure and elevated in tone, attractive to the eye and informing to the mind. We are pleased to note its great success.

····Yesterday Fred. Aimes and Charles Moore were held to bail in the sum $1,500 each, by U. S. Commissioner McCandless, for alleged violation of the Civil Rights bill, in not allowing a colored man admission to the dress circle of Aimes' Theatre. The defendants say they did not violate the law, as Charles Thomas, the plaintiff, had only bought a twenty-five cent ticket, which entitled him to a seat in the gallery. The matter will be investigated by the U. S. District Court.

····During the administration of U. S. District Attorney Swoope, judgments for penalties were obtained against the Connellsville Railroad Company as follows: Taxes on net earnings, $25,000; taxes due on bonded interest, $25,000; judgment for penalties, $2,000; total, $52,000. In addition to this, suits are pending in two cases, one for $1,000 and the other for $30,000, against the company. An effort will be made to have the judgments reopened by the company, but with what result, remains to be seen.

HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS,

AT

Hugus & Hacke's.

Table Linens, Napkins and Doyles,

Towels and Towelings, Toilet Quilts,

Marseilles Quilts, Muslins, Sheetings, &c.

Our recent large and advantageous purchases of Housekeeping goods enable us to offer the above at lower prices than ever before. Fifth avenue and Market street.

Pilot Bread or Rafters,

manufactured by S. S. Marvin & Co., 9 and 93 Liberty street.

Faultless in Style, Correct in Fit,

is the verdict pronounced by the patrons of Walter Anderson when they don a suit of his artistic cut garments, and we may add that the goods on the tables at his fine rooms, No. 1 Fifth avenue, are the most choice and neatest paterns. Give him a call.

WESTMORELAND'S CENTENNIAL.

The Proposed Celebration at Greensburg Next Month—Officers Elected Yesterday.

The Centennial celebration by the citizens of Westmoreland county of the Hannastown Declaration of Independence, of May 16, 1775, promises to be an interesting event. The Committee of Arrangements met at Greensburg yesterday, with Mr. H. C. Marchand in the chair, and elected the following officers:

President—Hon. James Veech, of Pittsburgh.

Vice Presidents—(Two from each of the sixteen counties comprised within the limits of Westmoreland county, as originally formed in 1773 and enlarged in 1785 by addition of purchase.)

Allegheny county—Hon. Moses Hampton, Hon. Thos. J. Bigham.

Armstrong—Alex. Reynolds, Esq., H. N. Lee, Esq.

Beaver—Col. M. S. Quay, Benjamin Rush Bradford, Esq.

Butler—Hon. Jacob Ziegler, Hon J. M. Thompson.

Clarion—Hon. Wm. L. Corbett, Hon. Jas. Campbell.

Crawford—Hon. Walter A. Lowrie, Hon. S. Newton Pettis.

Erie—Hon. W. A. Galbraith, Hon. George Cutler.

Fayette—Hon. A. E. Wilson, Hon. Daniel Kaine.

Greene—Hon. A. Purman, Hon. T. J. Pauley.

Indiana—Judge Sutton, Major S. S. Jamison.

Lawrence—Hon. L. L. McGuffin. Hon. Samuel McKinley.

Mercer—Hon. Wm. White, Hon. John A. Sperman.

Venango—Hon. John Trunkey, Col. Chas. Taylor.

Warren—Hon. Glenni W. Scofield, Hon. —— Struthers.

Washington—Hon. Geo. H. Miller, Hon. W. S. Moore.

Westmoreland—F. J. Cope, Esq., Gen. C. P. Markle.

Hon. Richard Coulter, of Greensburg, has been elected Chief Marshal for the occasion, with fifteen assistant Marshals, to be selected from the counties comprised in old Westmoreland county.

The programme for the celebration is as follows: That there be a mass Convention at the Court house in Greensburg, on Saturday, May 15th, 1875. That the officials and people of the several counties, originally comprised within the county of Westmoreland, be invited to be present; also, all others in the State and country interested in commemorating the events of the Revolution. That the military organizations of Southwestern Pennsylvania be invited to be present. That the programme of the day be a parade in the streets of Greensburg in the forenoon, a national salute be fired at twelve o'clock meridian, and the organization effected at one o'clock in the afternoon in the Court house.

LACE CURTAINS.

Hugus & Hacke

desire to call attention to their large and varied stock of Lace Curtains, consisting of Nottingham Lace, Ecru Guipure Lace, French Guipure Lace, French and Swiss Tamboured Lace, embracing many new and handsome designs, which are offered at extraordinary low prices.

HUGUS & HACKE,
Fifth avenue and Market street.

Ladies, let us Reason Together,

whether it is cheaper to pay five dollars for two pairs of shoes, which will wear you three months, or to pay three dollars and a half for one pair which will wear for the same time. Work out this problem in your own minds, and then save money by buying your shoes from Wm. Marsin, No. 108 Federal street, Allegheny. He does not allure custom with cheap and inferior goods, but relies on excellence of material and workmanship at fair and moderate prices for his success in business. All work guaranteed. Perfect comfort in the wear of his manufactures, as they are made to fit and not to pinch and cramp.

Flowers, Lawn Vases and Rustic Work.

If you wish to beautify your garden call at E. H. Bochmann's, 132 Smithfield street, for roses, hardy, monthly, moss and climbers.

Bedding plants of all descriptions, ornamental vines and creepers.

Lawn vases and rustic work with plants to fill them handsomely.

Do not forget the place, E. H. Bochmann's, 132 Smithfield street.

European Steamship Arrivals Yesterday.

Dispatches received at Max Schamberg's European Steamship, Exchange and Telegraph office, at 163 Smithfield street, announce the arrival of the Steamship Cuba, at New York, Switzerland, at Antwerp, C. Fethchy, at London; Russia, at Queenstown.

Get a Decent Suit

And to do so you should patronize James Bleakley, merchant tailor, No. 60 Smithfield street, whose suitings are of the finest quality, and whose charges are made to suit the popular purse.

Wholesale Notion House.

New Goods and Bottom Prices at the stone front store of J. D. Thompson & Co., 176 and 178 Wood street.

N. U. Walker & Co.'s Wares.

Sewer pipe, water pipe and every imaginable article in this line, including ornamental work for buildings, such as brackets, cornices, &c., at the warerooms of N. U. Walker & Co., No. 472 Penn street.

Office Desks.

We make a specialty of Office Desks, and have a large stock to select from.

J. L. LYTLE & CO.,
169 Smithfield street.

Lawn and Parlor Vases.

Vases of great variety in style and finish, proof against changes of temperature, and very much superior to iron for preserving plants and flowers. For sale by N. U. Walker & Co., No. 372 Penn avenue.

Pittock Sold 500 New York Graphics of 29th. Another supply on the way. *Good Sunday reading.* Five cents with supplement.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OLD TEA HOUSE.

TEAS,

A SPECIALTY.

No Advance in Prices.

10 packages Corn Starch, $1; 10 cans Baking Powder, $1; 8 cans Tomatoes, $1; 8 cans Corn, $1; 5 cans Peaches, 3 lb, $1; 5 cans Strawberries, $1; 10 lbs New Prunes, $1; 16 lbs Pearl Barley, $1; 10 lbs Dried Peaches, $1; 13 lbs New Rice, $1; 10 lbs A Sugar, white, $1; 10 Glasses Jelly, $1; 24 bars Soap, $1; 2 lbs New Uncolored Tea, $1; 13 lbs Currants, new, $1; 16 lbs Glossy Starch, $1; 16 lbs Oat Meal, fresh, $1; 10 bottles French Mustard, $1; 16 lbs Cracked Wheat, $1; 12 lbs Crackers, $1; 5 cans Pineapple, $1; 2 bottles Pickles, $1; 5 cans Green Peas, $1; Roasted Coffee, per lb, 23c, 25c, 26c and 27c. The only house in the city that imports its own Teas. No charge for boxing Groceries or Drayage.

D. M. JENKINS,
20 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh.

ELECTIONS.

OFFICE OF THE ALLEGHENY GAS CO., }
NO. 30 WEST DIAMOND STREET, }
ALLEGHENY, PA., April 30, 1875. }

ELECTION NOTICE.—THE ANnual election for President and Directors of the Allegheny Gas Co., to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, on MONDAY, May 10, between the hours of 10 A. M and 3 P. M.

J. S. DAVIDSON,
Secretary.

mai1:p85

OFFICE OF THE
LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA,
ST. LOUIS, April 15, 1875.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE provisions of Section 5 of the Charter, an election for five members of the General Board of Directors, to serve for the term of three years, will be held at the General Office in St. Louis, Mo., on TUESDAY, the 18th day of May, 1875. The polls will be open from 11 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M.

H. W. HOUGH, President.

J. S. PIERCE, Secretary. ap24-q38-s

ELECTION NOTICE.—THE ANnual election for Directors of the Hazlewood Oil Company will be held on TUESDAY, May 11th, 1875, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at the office of the Company, Germania Bank Building, Room No. 11.

W. C. WHITE,
Secretary.

ap29:q71

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK, }
PITTSBURGH, PA., April 26, 1875. }

ELECTION—THE ANNUAL ELECTION for Directors of this Bank will be held on MONDAY, May 3, 1875, at the rooms of the Bank, No. 80 Wood street (corner Wood and Diamond streets), between the hours of 12, noon, and 2 o'clock, P. M.

JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

ap28:q87

ELECTION NOTICE.—THE ANnual meeting of the Stockholders of the LITTLE SAW MILL RUN RAILROAD CO., will be held at the office of the Company, 36th ward, city, formerly Temperanceville, on SATURDAY, May 22d, 1875, from 12 to 1 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing one President and six Directors for the ensuing year.

C. S. PETTERMAN, Sec'y.

ap23:q28

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETing of the Stockholders of the CONSOLIDATED GAS CO., will be held at their offices, No. 327 Penn avenue, on MONDAY, May 3d, between the hours of 2 and 4 P. M., for the purpose of holding an election for President and five Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting. Signed,

D. E. BOULTON, JR., Sec'y.

ap23:q29

ELECTION NOTICE.—THE ANnual election for Directors in the SOUTH SIDE GAS CO., will be held on MONDAY, the 3d day of May, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of the Company.

D. ROBINSON, Treasurer.

April 20, 1875. ap23:q30

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE PIONEER

LAMP, OIL AND GLASSWARE HOUSE.

R. P. WALLACE & CO.,

No. 39 Wood Street, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers and Jobbers in Oils, Lamps, Chandeliers; also, Window Glass, Prescription Vials and Table Glassware. The attention of cash and short time buyers is invited to our large and well assorted stock, which we are prepared to offer at the lowest prices yet reached.

R. P. WALLACE & CO.

JAS. McCANDLESS. THOS. JAMISON. M. KENNEDY.

McCandless, Jamison & Co.,

103 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH,

OFFER SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES TO

WHOLESALE BUYERS

OF

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, &C.

EVERY DEPARTMENT NOW COMPLETE.

New Goods and New Styles arriving daily.

Having a resident buyer in the EASTERN MARKET gives us superior advantages in purchasing, and we feel confident that we can make it to the INTEREST OF ALL BUYERS TO

GIVE US A CALL.

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER, }
CITY OF PITTSBURGH, May 3, 1875. }

NOTICE TO PRINTERS

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 12 M., THURSDAY, May 13, 1875, for printing 1,000 Copies Report Superintendent of Water Works.

The Committee on Printing reserve the right to reject any or all bids, should they deem it for the best interest of the city.

R. M. SNODGRASS,
Controller.

may1

BOYNTON'S, 1875.

Baltimore Fire Place Heater,

DO

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

JOSIAH KING.....N. P. REED,
T. P. HOUSTON.....D. L. FLEMING,
GEO. W. REED.
KING, REED & CO., EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny county.

TERMS FOR 1875:

DAILY GAZETTE:
POSTAGE PRE-PAID.

By Mail, per annum	$10 00
By Mail for six months	5 00
By Mail for three months	2 50
By Mail for one month	1 00
By the week, payable to Agent or Carrier	15

All remittances should be made by Express or to Money Orders, and when so forwarded will be at our risk

WEEKLY GAZETTE:
POSTAGE PRE-PAID

Single Subscribers	$1 75
Clubs of Ten	1 50
Clubs of Ten	1 40

A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter up of a Club of Ten. Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

Give full address, postoffice, county and State, also nearest Express office, in order that there may be no mistakes in forwarding papers.

Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE—Daily or Weekly—will, upon application, be supplied with specimen copies, free of charge.

KING, REED & CO.

SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1875.

BONDS at Frankfort 99¼

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 27f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 115⅞@115¾.

SENATOR RANSOM, of South Carolina, thinks it would be unwise to place any Southern Democrat in the second place on the Democratic Presidential ticket for 1876.

THE Grand Jury of the District of Columbia is inquiring whether Bill King committed perjury in the Pacific Mail investigation. William will yet find, perhaps, that the way of the transgressor is hard.

INDIAN SUPERINTENDENT HOAG denies the charges made against his official conduct, and dares his assailants to furnish the proof. He talks like an honest man, and in his letter of denial explains many circumstances that looked dubious before.

JAMES ANTHONY FROUDE has been on a visit to South America, and he was so impressed with what he saw there that he is engaged in a series of articles to show that it is a country which offers inducements for emigration superior to either America or Australia.

PHILADELPHIA, Boston and New York, engaged to pay for a memorial window in the Shakespeare Memorial Church at Stratford-on-Avon. New York paid her share, and there is somewhat of a breeze now because the others have not fulfilled either the letter or spirit of the bond. The "Hub" and the "Centennial city" ought to rise and explain.

BOSTON merchants are exercised over the question of cheap transportation, and they want the Legislature to stop the discriminations against that city in favor of New York. An association has been formed, and as the merchants have begun to thoroughly realize that trade is leaving them, active efforts will doubtless be made to discover a remedy.

THE great struggle over the Bond of Friendship—which was a notable one in our local legal annals—has ended in a verdict for the holder of the Bond, but the Supreme Court is yet to have a wrestle with the case. It is perhaps well that it is so, for there are so many interesting legal questions involved concerning legacies, that the final decision will be looked to with interest.

IS THERE NO one who, in the interest of justice and philanthropy, will knock that chip off Brother Bowen's shoulder. He seems to be absolutely spoiling for a fight, and his belligerency is touching in the extreme, when taken in connection with the fact that he prances all around the contestants, and breathes out threatenings and slaughter to come, and the eternal interests of justice to be subserved, if some one would only relieve him of the pressure of that chip on his shoulder, which thus far has borne him down. Let some one remove the wood, and give Brother Bowen a chance.

THE Massachusetts Legislature is considering a bill to require all freight cars built after August 1st, to be provided with coupling arrangements that will give a brakeman at least an even chance for life. The statistics of railroading show that the position of brakemen on freight trains is the most perilous of open air occupations, and their lives are less easy to insure than those of powder mill employes. In constant peril from bridges, falls, bumpers, couplings, as well as the usual railway risks, they have as a rule but short careers, and if they can be protected they should be by somebody, although it appears rather the business of their employers.

THE investigation into the management of the Philadelphia House of Correction has developed a nice condition of affairs. Briefly, the members of the Commission, with one or two exceptions, have been in the habit of dividing the purchases for supplies among themselves, without advertising for bids, and of rendering bills for them under assumed names, or those of their clerks and business partners. The mode has been for the Committee on Supplies, after ascertaining what supplies are necessary for the institution, to apportion them among their number." There are no charges of fraud, but the law has been violated, and the matter has an ugly look.

A WRITER in the *New England Journal of Education* thinks that the popular spelling contests should never be considered as fair or sure tests of orthographic scholarship. "Let the same contestants" he says, "write the three hundred words and then pass papers, correct and compare notes, and the result would probably be very different; it would certainly show more exactly their real knowledge. Good spelling is an inherited gift. It is the result of a peculiar power of memory. A scholar of good sound mind, fine reasoning powers, an excellent speaker, with a wide-awake, intelligent brain, may be so weak in spelling capacity as to miss, after considerable study, 18 words out of 20. Such a case has recently come to my knowledge. No amount of study will ever make a good speller of such a person. He must go through life yoked to a dictionary. Let teachers who can spell every word in the language be patient with all such cases."

LIBEL suits against newspapers, notwithstanding the failure of the plaintiffs in most cases, seem to be indulged in as a pleasant pastime by some people, and the less character the plaintiffs have to lose the more fierce they are generally. The Springfield *Republican* has a case on hand now, being the second libel suit it has had in its fifty years of existence. The *Republican*, in speaking of a certain "Boss" Phelps, who is accredited with peculiar powers in managing railroads and Legislatures, playfully designated him as "a public robber and a public corrupter," and Mr. Phelps, who has some acquaintance with the English language, is afraid that, if that sentence is allowed to go down to posterity, as descriptive of his character, without proper explanation, his fair fame will be considerably tarnished. Hence he has appealed to court, and both parties have agreed to dispense with a jury, and let the Judge hear the facts and decide according to the law and evidence. The developments promise to furnish some interesting reading concerning the *modus operandi* of management—as applied to railroads and Legislatures.

SOME journalistic genius, whose mind runs to statistics, has been collecting a few figures with reference to our lawmakers and their speeches. He found that during the last session of the Legislature the elegant fluency of the House cost the State for printing just $4,780.12, and of the Senate just $2,981.25. It is a matter of local pride that in this respect our own noble county held her own, and came up with as bright a record as any. Senator Wood, being a new man and presumably having that much more to tell, handsomely illustrated his disregard of expenses by contributing to that repository of Legislative lore—the *Record*—a sufficiency of fervid eloquence, which, materialized, just cost the Commonwealth $120. Representative Christy was the next man to serve his constituents well, and in the rhetorical struggle he came off successfully ahead of all competitors with an expenditure of $298. The political Solon whose display of statemanship in literary garb cost the least money was Representative Tober, of Lancaster, who let the Commonwealth down easy on 12 cents. Representative Mitchell, of Tioga, was the leader in the battle with words, and the coruscations of his intellect were exhibited at a net cost of $543. Several of the representatives, on the presumption, perhaps, that especially in the Legislature "silence is golden," indulged in no flights of fancy or florid pictures of the political travail of their souls, and hence the expense for printer's ink for them was nothing. In this list of the economites appear the names of Messrs. Large and Shidle, of our own county, together with notables from other localities. The figures are interesting and should be preserved for exhibition at the Centennial, as indicative of the fervor and force of political oratory, as developed under the fostering influences of Legislative Halls.

TESTING IRON AND STEEL.

At the recent session of Congress, a Commission was authorized to test the strength of iron, steel, and other metals. It is well known that nothing seems to be more uncertain than the resisting power of the metals; and because of this, they are usually burthened with about one-sixth only of the weight they are estimated to bear. Hence bridges and other structures contain an unnecessary amount of material, frequently, and are still unsafe. The mill test, which at some of our Pittsburgh mills is very severe, is not fully reliable, as, while one square inch of metal may bear a given strain, it does not follow that every square inch will endure the same strain. There are seven distinct conditions that enter into the question of resistance, on the part of a given piece of iron or steel, and even these do not fully determine it, as the question of resistance within the limit of elasticity must even then be taken into account. And this latter condition is difficult—nearly impossible to determine. Thus the Commission has very delicate duties before it, if it would supply a want long felt,—that of the clear determination of tensile strength, without danger or waste. The President has appointed on this Commission Colonel Laidley, of the Ordnance, Gilmore, of the Engineers, Commander Beardsley and Chief Engineer David Smith, of the Navy, and Professor Thurston,—all thoroughly qualified, each being a specialist in some department of scientific knowledge, pertinent to this Commission. The Commission has mapped out its work, which aside from the merely incidental item of testing and branding specimens sent in, includes a combination of mechanical and chemical tests. It is known, for example, that the effects of the carbon and metalloids on iron, and upon each other in combination with iron, produce many remarkable physical changes. Many of our iron masters are perpetually experimenting, and it is marvelous how many curious results are observed, from time to time. What is thus done, in the midst of other, and active duties, will be systematically and perfectly accomplished, by means of this Commission. It is thus expected that greater toughness, elasticity, strength, hardness, and other qualities will be developed, as the result of the labors of this Commission. We will thus be enabled to economize the cost and at the same time, promote the safety of iron structures.

It is further proposed to test structures and their separate parts in actual service. The usual reason for the breaking down of structures, bridges particularly, is the fact that no test whatever was employed, when first constructed. Hence, they were tried in actual use, and eventually subjected to a strain heavier than they were capable of bearing, and were thus broken down. As we have already remarked, flaws in structures have much to do with their failure to endure the strain put upon them. The Commission will test these, and ascertain besides, just how much iron is necessary to bear a given strain. The result is that the wasteful use of material will be rendered unnecessary, and the economies thus promoted, while safety will be more completely secured than it is under our present wasteful system. Of course the careful experimenting required will cost considerably, but it will save to the industries of the country many times over the original cost. It will thus be of great value to the country, as its work becomes more widely known, in after years.

We referred, a few days since, to a fact, in relation to English experience, that illustrates the value of this Commission. England found her iron trade slipping away, so far as manufactured forms were concerned, in favor of continental competitors. The mystery was solved at the World's Fair in 1851. The continental manufacturers had more carefully investigated the amount of strain a given amount of iron or steel could be made to bear, and by the adoption of new forms and shapes, had learned to dispense with much of the dead weight the English manufactures were putting into their machinery. As a result, they produced more graceful forms of machinery, with less weight of material, and yet that was equally durable and more manageable,—and so could undersell the English in the market. This was a revelation to them; yet with all their efforts, during nearly a quarter of a century, they have not overcome the influence thus started against them. We have just to keep this in mind. It is well ascertained that we use more material in constructing many articles than we need, and this will be provided against by the Commission now organized.

ENGAGED.

Col. Nicholas Smith and Miss Ida Greeley

The New York correspondent of the Baltimore *Gazette* says: "The latest in social circles is the engagement of Miss Ida Greeley, daughter of the famous printer and statesman, to Colonel Nicholas Smith. Colonel Smith graduated with high honors from Rufus Choate's class at Cambridge, and is a promising young lawyer. In appearance he greatly resembles Edwin Booth, and is often taken for that gentleman. One night he entered a box at the theater, when he was immediately the object of all eyes. 'There is Edwin Booth,' they all exclaimed, as they levelled their opera glasses at what they supposed was the great actor. He was born at Shelbyville, Ky., where he spent his early days. He is now a resident of Leavenworth, Kan. During the war he took grounds against slavery. He did not oppose it alone by words, but his example he freed all his slaves on, and paid them for their labor."

The Chicago *Tribune* says: Miss Ida Greeley, the eldest daughter of the late Horace Greeley, will be married in New York City on Saturday morning, and sail the same day for Europe, in company with Mrs. John F. Cleveland, her aunt, and her sister. The bridgroom is Col. Nicholas Smith, formerly of Kentucky, and brother of Mrs. Johnston, who is, or was, Postmistress of Leavenworth, Kan. Col. Smith was once nominated by Mr. Lincoln as Minister to Greece, but withdrawn before his name could be acted on by the Senate. He served in the regular army for a few years at the close of the war. He accompanies the party in a foreign tour of two or three years. His first wife was a Miss Lou Pope, of Louisville, Ky.

MISS IDA GREELEY'S MARRIAGE.

The marriage of Miss Ida L. Greeley, daughter of the late Horace Greeley, to Colonel Nicholas Smith, of Covington, Ky., is to take place at 10 o'clock this (Saturday) morning at the residence of Mrs. John F. Cleveland, aunt of the bride, No. 233 West Twenty-second street, New York. It is understood that the marriage will be solemnized by Cardinal McCloskey. There will be three bridesmaids—Misses Greeley and Cleveland—and the same number of groomsmen and ushers. Mr. John F. Cleveland will give the bride away, and Mr. Whitelaw Reid will be one of the groomsmen. The bride is to be married in a travelling dress, and the entire bridal party, Mrs. Cleveland and daughters, Miss Gabrielle Greeley, and Colonel Smith and bride, sail at 1 o'clock in the steamer Abyssinia for Europe. An informal reception will be held on board the steamer, where lunch will be provided.

POLITICAL NOTES.

"BLAINE and Allison is the last Presidential ticket we hear of, and the best one, too," says the Waterloo (Iowa) *Courier*.

THE Salisbury (Md.) *Advertiser* puts the names of Thurman and Bayard at the head of its columns as candidates for President and Vice President.

A WRITER in the Harrisburg *Patriot* brings forward the name of ex-Chief Justice Lowrie as a candidate for Governor—on the Democratic ticket.

THE Johnstown *Tribune* carries at its mast head the names of Hon. John F. Hartranft for Governor and Hon. Charles S. Wolfe for State Treasurer.

THE Detroit *Tribune* says the Republican majority at the late judicial election in that State, with an unusually full vote cast, is between 25,000 and 30,000. The Democracy don't like that sort of a "tidal wave," and we observe that not one of their journals has aired its rooster over these exhilarating figures.

IT is asserted that the election of several Roman Catholic Representatives to the New Hampshire Legislature will be contested on the ground that the State Constitution provides that Representatives must be of the Protestant religion, and the people have several times voted against the repeal of the clause.

THE Lewisburg *Chronicle* hoists the names of John F. Hartranft for Governor and Charles S. Wolfe, of Union county, for State Treasurer, subject to the decision of the nominating Convention. Mr. Wolfe is a member of the Legislature, and is most favorably spoken of by the press of the central part of the State.

THE Wisconsin Republican State Central Committee, although not apparently doing any work, it is understood have made up the following list of candidates to be submitted to the Republican State Convention next summer: For Governor, Harrison Ludington; for Lieutenant Governor, Senator Holloway; for Attorney General, Mr. Cassidy, of Janesville; for State Treasurer, Henry Baetz; for Secretary of State, probably Harrison Ludington.

THE Richmond *Whig* (Dem.) gives the following recommendations with reference to the Presidential ticket of its party in 1876: "Our ticket, of course, must come from the North—and when we say North we mean the old free States—and both candidates on it must, of course, be Democrats. But they must be men representative of liberal, national, constitutional views; men who in head and in heart, in courage and in candor, are fully in harmony with the generous spirit that has swept Radicalism from the field in the late elections."

THE Reverend C. D. Hills, pastor of Grace Church at Worcester, Mass., preached a sermon on temperance last Sunday, in which he commented in severe terms on the new license law. In the course of his sermon he said: "To-day rum-selling is wrong in this State; next Saturday the laws of the State make it right to sell. That law is a sham; it means free rum. The best interest of the city demands that the city authorities say 'No;' that Mayor Jillson stand fearlessly and do his whole duty, as did that great and good man, Thomas Talbot, who stood up for principle, and who will yet be Governor of Massachusetts."

PERSONAL.

GENERAL NEAL DOW, of Portland, who has been in England the past two years, lecturing on temperance, has been very ill, recently, and is coming home, next month.

A DISPATCH from Washington says there is authority of one of the most prominent officials there that the understanding at the White House is that the appointment of Judge Pierrepont will soon be followed by the retirement of Mr. Fish.

THE will of the late Congressman Samuel Hooper, filed Tuesday at Washington, gives his estate in Massachusetts and Washington in trust to Nicholas Shaw, Edward K. Lothrop, and William Hooper, for the benefit of his wife and two daughters.

MRS. ISABELLA BEECHER HOOKER'S husband has been heard from. He was just sinking into the uncertainty of a myth, when he arose and told a reporter he was going to join his wife in Europe. To all whom it may concern: His name is John Hooker.

GEN. STONEMAN is reported to have large orange groves near Los Angelos, Cal., which will some time bore profitably. There is another report equally golden in tone, that Gen. Schofield has put money in his purse to the amount of $100,000 by speculation in "the great bonanza."

MR. JOHN W. SEDGWICK, a Washington gentleman, has bequeathed $10,000 to Miss Belle Sherman, of St. George's county, Maryland, in recognition of assistance rendered by her, several years ago, on the occasion of a severe fall on the sidewalk from a horse, from the effects of which he lay for some time unconscious.

MR. SAMUEL WHITEMARSH, whose scheme for producing raw silk in this country caused much excitement some forty years ago, died at Northampton, Mass., last week, at the age of seventy-four. During his life Mr. Whitemarsh spent more than a million dollars in various schemes, which were generally ruinous to himself and resulted in his dying in poverty.

IT is announced that Mr. Charles Bradlaugh has severed his connection with Freemasonry in England because the Prince of Wales is Grand Master. We do not imagine that the Prince or the majority of Masons will shed tears over this act. The most interesting point in the case is how Mr. Bradlaugh gained admission to a lodge. Masonry makes belief in God a test requisite to membership, whereas Mr. Bradlaugh is open in his avowals of atheism.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

THE value of the wedding gifts of Mlle. d'Albe, niece of the Empress Eugenie, is said to reach the pleasant amount of $1,600,000. One of these gifts is a cameo ring which belonged to Charles V. Other little amusing trifles are eleven necklaces of brilliants. The Duke d'Ossuna whom the young lady marries, is one of the richest personages of the Peninsula. Talking of weddings, there was an odd innovation upon established custom in Paris the other day, when a solo upon the violin was performed during the church ceremonial by a distinguished artist.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

A DETROIT dispatch says telegrams announce that the ice in Mackinaw Straits is well broken.

THE miners at Swayer's Works, Wilkesbarre, have voted to resume work when the basis of 1874 is granted.

W. P. JENNEY and party, who have been appointed to make an accurate survey of the Black Hills country, passed through Omaha on Thursday, *en route* to Fort Laramie, where an escort of six companies of cavalry await their arrival.

A HEAVY storm passed over Baden, Pa., on Thursday night, tearing up trees and doing great damage. The lightning struck one house and it was burned to the ground. The loss is estimated at $1,000, but is covered with insurance. One life is reported to have been lost.

On Wednesday train No. 3 on the A. & G. W. R. R., ran off the track at Miller's station, about twenty miles from Meadville. The ladies' car was thrown into a ditch. The smoking car, baggage car and tender of the engine were also thrown off. Three or four passengers were seriously injured, but none, it is believed, seriously hurt.

IT is four weeks ago, to-morrow, since that great spelling match between the professional men of Boston and the faculty of Harvard took place in Tremont Temple, and it has not been decided who won the prizes yet.—*Boston Globe.* That probably accounts for the fact that the Boston spellers have not accepted the challenge sent them by the victorious Allegheanians.

ON Friday morning a fire broke out at Hawk and Newall streets, Watertown, N. Y. High winds carried the flames across Newall street, and before they were got under control the Eagle Flouring Mills and Farmer's Grist Mill, with two tenements, were burned. A large tenement across the river was set on fire by sparks and burned. The total loss is about $50,000.

THE barkentine Marara, thirty-two days from Tahiti, reports the capsizing of the schooner Margaret Crockard, from Tahiti to San Francisco, having on board the officers and crew of the British ship Arveyforce, wrecked on the passage from Australia to San Francisco. Sixteen were drowned. The commander, with Captain Godfrey, of the Crockard, and Captain Collier, of the Aireyforce, arrived at Tahiti.

CONSIDERABLE damage has been done by the river to the tracks of the Kansas City & St. Joe Railroad, near East Nebraska City and Forest City. Trains are running around via Red Oak. The track on the same road is broken for some 200 feet, and the water is running over it for half a mile, about four miles south of Council Bluffs. The B. & M., in Nebraska, are as yet unable to run from Omaha to Bellevue. They are running passengers around by omnibus.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings

No. 61 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
CHARTERED IN 1862.

Assets January 1, 1873, - - - $778,251.56

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., compounded from the 1st and 15th of each month. And if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. bee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schneerer, Christopher Zug.
Solicitor—John B. Bailey.

THE FASHIONS.

What to Wear to be in Style.

Some of the Novelties for the Season—The Latest Style of Hats—New Dress Goods and Patterns—Walking Dresses and in-Door Toilets—Costumes for the Home, the Party, or the Promenade.

Ladies who thoroughly understand the art of dressing in good taste never hasten to adopt the newest modes, but prefer to have recourse to "demi-saison" suits. Dressmakers generally understand by a demi-saison suit, a dark gray woolen costume, which is well adapted to walking, and serves until proper consideration has been bestowed upon the selection of genuine Spring suits. The capote form, made of cheviot, vigogne, or cachemire, is suited to this purpose; it can also be used as a poloniaise for house wear; when intended to meet the first named, the neck is finished with a double or triple collar. The Russian flounce is also very suitable for this purpose; one flounce is described as made of black shellbarin, bordered with beaded galloon, and confined by a faille ribbon sash.

WHITE SUITS FOR SUMMER.

While shivering under velvet and furs during the windy days of the past month, the idea of shortly needing white dresses for hot weather seemed absurd. The dry goods people, however, cling to the hope that hot weather will arrive some time or other before the Fourth of July, and are making preparations accordingly. They predict that creamy white French nainsook will be used for summer costumes, richly trimmed with fine knife pleating edged with Valenciennes, and alternated with ruffles of Hamburg embroidery. The skirts of these sheer muslin suits are made wider than they have been of late, and now measure four yards around the bottom; they have two narrow side gores and two full back widths; the front and side breadths are sewed to a belt, and the back is gathered by a drawing string. On handsome imported nainsook dresses there are three scant flounces of Hamburg embroidery, each edged by knife pleating three inches deep. The overskirt is a deep apron reaching to the toe; this has a front breadth and a side gore, while behind are two long straight breadths, draped and puffed on the tournure. An embroidered ruffle edged with pleating is the trimming. The basque has one dart in front, and an English basque cut square on the tournure. They are commented as a model for the "young girl graduates" who ask for such hints; also for those who are preparing their wardrobes for the summer watering places. Dealers say that Hamburg embroidery is preferred to expensive needlework even by those who can afford it; also that Italian Valenciennes lace is used in these costumes, as real lace real laces are reserved for evening toilettes. Many of the French basques imported with these suits are cut long and square on the sides, and quite short in the back and front. They are sleeveless and knife pleated, with knife pleatings and puffs around the wrists. The neck has a standing pleated frill, and the lengthwise trimming outlines a vest. French needle-women excel in making fine crimped pleatings; their work is all done by hand, and the infinitesimally small pleats are held in position by thread underneath. Muslin overskirts and sleeveless basques are also imported. The over-skirt is a large apron, deeply rounded in front, but square behind, held together by a dark bow on the tournure, but with the square corners behind falling open. Such over-skirts are entirely formed of lengthwise box pleats of white organdy, alternating with Valenciennes insertions, and edged with lace. Accompanying this is a sleeveless basque, much shorter behind than in front, made of similar box-pleated and rows of insertion. Blue or rose colored gros grain bows trim the front of the basque, and a sash bow is the tournure. For a very rich dress for graduation-day this will be worn over a plain dress of white silk and trimmed with white gros grain bows.

SOME NEW STYLES OF WALKING DRESSES.

A walking-dress can be made of beige, and trimmed with bands of brown or black velvet. The vest waist has an open basque; the postillion forms a double basque. The pleating at the ends of beige, within is another ruching of Valenciennes lace. The sleeves are finished at the waist with a ruffle, and a band of velvet is above. The apron is shirred at the sides, and bordered with a deep band of velvet.

Another walking suit has a plaid silk poplin tunique trimmed with bias bands of velvet; above the velvet is a narrow white lace. The collar is made of two shades of faille; the sleeves is also of faille, and is very back; it is trimmed with lace. This tunique has a peculiar cut; it has a postillion turned over, under this is a double faille basque, which falls loosely over a sash, which is at the back of the skirt. The sash is gathered on the belt; it is drawn together in the middle and placed under the bow of the sash; over the bow is a cord and tassel which fastens it to the skirt, a cord and tassel also trim the back of the waist. The apron is shirred near the edge and joined to the train, under three ribbon bows, placed one above the other; from the lowest depend a cord and tassels. The front of the skirt is trimmed with a flounce and puffing, with rucking top and bottom.

A cuirass and apron may be made of Madras check, trimmed with faille. The cuirass is trimmed around and down the front with faille; the cuirass is also faced and trimmed with the same. The apron is trimmed down the front with a wide band of faille; it is not trimmed around the bottom. Two bands extend from the top of the waist to the bottom of the apron. At the back is a sash in a dark shade of faille, bordered with a lighter shade and an acorn fringe.

Another suit is made of faille in a dark shade and Madras check foulard. The back of the cuirass is faille ornamented on the side with a foulard pocket bordered with faille. The basque and postillion are of faille. Under-skirt is a checked waist, to which the cuirass is sewed, and which, being very much open in front, the waist serves as a vest. The apron is shirred at the sides and bordered with faille ribbon. A foulard sash is at the back; its loops are surrounded by a shell-shaped trimming of Bruges lace.

A HANDSOME "FULL SUIT."

A toilet may be cut in princess form, tight fitting to the middle of the body, where the back breadths become at once very wide. The train is ornamented with a deep flounce shirred in five rows, and separated by small bias bands of sky-blue silk, and the heading is bound with sky-blue silk. The front breadths are trimmed at the bottom with a trimming divided into three parts: a small ruffle, a little plaiting, and a second ruffle; above both ruffles are bands of sky-blue gros grain silk. A plaited piece of muslin is placed underneath the flounce at the back of the skirt, falling a little below the foldings of the skirt is kept back by a large bow and ends; this is a Chantilly lace flounce; over this is a fringed sash of sky-blue gros grain. The tight-fitting jacket is also shirred lengthwise. A Chantilly lace scarf is thrown over the shoulders. The bonnet suited to this is of rice straw trimmed with sky-blue gros grain ribbon, wild roses, and feathers. An Indian dress can have a tunique of Scotch plaid of two shades, trimmed with black faille. The pockets and cuffs are of black faille, surrounded by pipings of gray faille. The front of the skirt is adorned with narrow, gathered flounces, and above these are crosswise bands of black velvet. The train should be of light gray material and bordered with a deep band of black faille. Another dress can be made of plaid and plain poplin combined. The basque corsage is trimmed with bands of plaid placed in imitation of a square, low neck, vest, waist, and corded with black faille. The sleeves are of plaid poplin, trimmed with guipure. The scarf is of plaid poplin. The small overskirt, which is only at the back, is trimmed around with a band of plaid poplin. The underskirt is of plain poplin, with a flounce around the bottom, having very little fullness; above this is a shirring and heading; a short distance above are three shirrings with heading. For Summer wear this toilet can be arranged so as to be worn as a square, low-neck dress, with a fichu underneath of battiste or foulard.

BONNETS AND HATS.

Bonnets and hats have not been so loaded with ornamentation for years as they are this spring. They will have quite wide brims. Bend down at the sides, flared upin front and turn up a little at the back; the hat is called a bonnet. But whether hat or bonnet, it is mostly heavily trimmed around the crown, with a broaded scarf of soft material, and some beautiful light color and flowers; and under the brim with as many flowers as can be put there. Among the beautiful flowers exhibited, and never were they more natural in appearance or more beautiful, scarlet poppies and wheat, which our ears are the most popular. Bunches of field flowers, with long trailing wreaths of the same, as well as delicately-tinted roses, will be worn. Fine straws, brown, black and white, will be the favorite material. Upon hats fine filigree silver and gold ornaments are very handsome, but are used with great care, as they have a tawdry look if used bountifully; large round brooches, cut buckler, and oblong pins are most liked.

GENTLEMEN'S SPRING FASHIONS.

The principal novelty for this season is a three-button sack coat, called the Sandown. It is cut medium length, shaped well to the figure, made with four outside patch pockets, and always worn with three buttons buttoned. The fore part is moderately cut away from the third button. This coat is specially adapted for the new Spring suitings, the entire suit being made from the same pattern. The leading styles are fancy checks, smart mixtures in heather colors, and Knickerbocker cheviots.

The frock coat in favor is the two button morning coat, made with flaps on the hips when from fancy goods, and plain skirts cut a little longer when from the more dressy goods. In worsted coatings the Mayo, feather twill and Napiers are the newest, but none of them excel the original plain diagonal. Frock coats are now made almost entirely from this class of goods, plain superfine cloths having been relegated to elderly gentlemen, who can afford to disregard the dictation of fashion. The frock coat is cut rather long, though shorter than during the Winter, is made to wear with three buttons buttoned, silk faced and braided, or plain facings and bound narrow. The waistcoat is of white duck, double-breasted, to show above the turnover of the coat. Trousers to wear with the frock coat should be of a medium shade, and a small, neat stripe. For undress wear they are made from checks of rather decided patterns, and are cut very loose and straight to the leg, falling naturally over the boot.

DRY GOODS. TRIMMINGS.

Saturday, May 1, 1875.

LADIES'
Ready Made Dresses,
Of all materials and colors.

We desire to call special attention to this department, having largely increased our facilities for making up Ladies' Dresses, Suits, &c. It is our intention during the month of May to offer our customers an unusually attractive assortment of Garments made up in the every best manner, in the latest styles, and at the lowest prices.

Shawls, Outside Garments, &c.
New Jackets, Sacques, &c.
Woolen and Cottonade Striped Shawls.
Paisley and Fine Shawls.
Mourning Shawls.

At $1. Full Size Ottoman Shawls, worth $1.75.
At $2, Spring Ottoman Shawls, great bargains.

Dress Goods!
Large Additions of New Goods

Unprecedented Bargains.

At 10c and 12½c, Wash Poplins, desirable colors.
At 22c and 25c, New Invisible Plaids.
At 25c, New Mohair Diagonals, choice colors.
At 28c, New Mohair Pongees, worth 37½c.
At 25c, Different Styles New Dress Goods.
New Invisible and Illuminated Plaids.
New Fine Dress Goods of every description.
At 50c, Pure Silk Warp Pongees, choice colors.
New Poplins, Sergos, Debeges, Mohairs, &c.

Black Mohair Alpacas,
Extraordinary good bargains from 25c to 75c.

Black All Wool Cashmeres,
From 62½c per yard upward—decided bargains.

MOURNING DRESS GOODS
Of every description.

Black and Colored Dress Silks.
At $1 to $1.37½c, Extra Good Bargains in Black Dress Silks.
At $1.50, Best Black Dress Silks yet offered at that price.
Finer qualities Best Black Dress Silks at very low prices.
At $1.50, Choice Colored Dress Silks, worth $2

New Goods Opened Every and Money to Buyers.

WILLIAM SEMPLE

Hosiery Department

JOS. HORNE & CO.,

197 and 199
PENN AVE.

JUST OPENED,
Ladies' Fancy Striped
COTTON HOSE.
Misses' Fancy Striped
COTTON HOSE.
Misses' Navy Blue
COTTON HOSE.
Misses' Dark Brown
COTTON HOSE.

Plain and with Silk Clockings and new styles of Strips.

Retail Stores.

OUR NEW SYSTEM,
RETAILING FOR CASH
At Wholesale Prices
HAS SAVED MANY A DOLLAR

For my customers during the past year. Our New System gives Best Quality of Goods at Low Prices. Every Article Sold Cheaper than Ever Before. Call and Examine Stock and Prices.

Ladies' Fine Balbriggan Hose, extra long, 25c.
Fancy Derby Rib Hose, 25c
White Derby Rib Hose, great bargains, 10c
Black Lace Garters, 10c
Linen Shirt Fronts, 11 to 97c, all styles.
All Sewing Silk at Store Prices, 25c.
25 Assorted Needles, 5c.
200 yards Machine Cotton, 3c.
Lacer Kid Gloves, 10c. Fringe, 47c.
Black Lace Jackets, Silk and Tar Laces, Fringes in Silk and Mohair, Braids, Buttons, Embroideries, Ribbons, Hosiery, Notions, etc., in great variety.
Kid Gloves, Corsets and Sun Umbrellas SPECIALTIES.

J. D. CARLISLE,
37, OLD NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. VANDEVORT,
DENTIST,
140 SMITHFIELD STREET.
ap27:s55

JOHN FITZSIMMONS,
ALDERMAN,
Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate,
Office—No. 95 CARSON STREET,
PITTSBURGH, (S. S.)

DANIEL WENKE,
Notary Public.
OFFICE:
1119 CARSON ST., South Pittsburgh.
mh22-68

SAMUEL M'MASTERS,
Alderman,
EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE,
OFFICE, NO. 109 GRANT STREET,
OPPOSITE THE CATHEDRAL.

OTTO WUTH,
Analytical and Consulting Chemist,
No. 99 Water Street.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.
The Pittsburgh Insurance Co.
Have removed to their NEW OFFICE,
Corner of Wood Street and Fourth Ave.,
Where they will be pleased to meet their patrons and friends.
HENRY LLOYD, Prest.
JAMES GORDON, V. Prest.
HALLIS MCKOWN, Sec'y.
ap24:xq57

REMOVAL.
THOS. WIGHTMAN & CO.,
43 Wood St., opposite St. Charles Hotel,
WINDOW GLASS,
Of all sizes, cut to order.
VIALS, BOTTLES AND DEMIJOHNS.
FRUIT JARS,
Of old and Reliable Patterns.
Prices to suit times. Quality and style equal to any made in the country.
ap24:xq57

NEW LOCATION.
Casey & Fogarty,
WHOLESALE
LIQUOR DEALERS,
Formerly of No. 315 Liberty Street, Now Occupy the
WELL KNOWN WAREHOUSE,
HERETOFORE OCCUPIED BY ROBERT AND S. H. WATSON & CO.,
No. 339 Liberty St., cor. of 10th,
With complete stock of different manufactures and all ages of
PURE RYE WHISKY,
TOGETHER WITH
Brandies, Wines, Gins, &c.
Can furnish Retailers with Complete Outfit.
GIVE US A CALL.
The Best Goods at the Lowest Prices.
m hh1-p15

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

Saturday, May 1, 1875.

HOUSEKEEPING
AND
HOUSEFURNISHING
Dry Goods, &c.

Thanking our patrons for their liberal patronage during the month of April, we purpose during the month of May to offer unusual good inducements to purchasers. Families and others buying goods by the piece or articles by the dozen, will be supplied at our lowest wholesale prices.

A Few of Our Many Bargains:

At 6¼c, Yard Wide Unbleached Muslin.
At 6¼c, Fast Colored Calicos, best quality.
At 8½c, "HILL" 7-8 Bleached Muslin, by the full piece, or 9c by the yard.
At 10½c, "POCAHONTAS" Bleached Muslin, yard wide, undressed; or 11c by the yard. This is a very superior make of Muslin.
Sheeting and Pillow Case Muslins, all widths.
White and Colored Table Linens, extra bargains.
Linen Toweling, Towels and Napkins.
Bargains in Linen Towelings, at 8½c, 10c and 12½c.
At 12½c, Wide Turkish Toweling.
At 8½c, 10c and 12½c, bargains in Towels.
Several cases of New Plain Dress Goods, 27 inches wide, from 25 to 50c.
One case New Black Cashmere, (styled Cachemire de Roome) at $1.00 per yard, 40 inch wide. These goods are made from Superior wool and finished differently from any other made.
New 40 inch Black Cashmere, $1, a very great bargain.
New 46 inch Black Cashmeres, at 75c, as good as any $2 goods in the market, and will compare with ordinary $1 qualities usually sold.
New Black Alpacas, from 25c to 65c.
New Black Mohairs and Brilliantines from 50c to $1.25 per yard.
We feel confident buyers will find these Alpacas, Mohairs and Brilliantines 5 to 15c per yard less than regular value.
New Heavy Black Gros Grain Dress Silks, at $1.25 and $1.50.
New "Hand Spun" Black Silks, from $2 to $4 per yard.
The above comprises the largest and cheapest offering of Dress Goods—perhaps not equalled and positively not surpassed in this market.

Boggs & Buhl,
128 Federal Street, Allegheny, Pa.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c

1875.

CARPETS.
Elegant Assortment,
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
New No. 29 Fifth Avenue.

LEGAL.

EXECUTORS' SALE.
THE EXECUTORS OF
DAVID E. PARK, DECEASED,
Offer for sale his undivided one-half interest in the Real Estate of the
Lake Superior Copper Mill Property,
In 12th ward, Pittsburgh, bounded by Railroad street, 31st street, the low water mark of Allegheny river, and the property of the Black Diamond Steel Works, and having erected thereon the COPPER MILL of PARK & CO., in complete order. Application may be made to any of the undersigned.
JAMES PARK,
ANDREW D. SMITH,
JAS. B. SCOTT,
Execut

FINANCIAL.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,

Cor. Diamond and Wood Streets,

In Germania Bank Building.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, - - - - - - $200,000.

D. E. DAVIDSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

ROBINSON BROTHERS

NO. 78 FOURTH AVENUE,

BANKERS.

Buy and sell on Commission GOVERNMENT BONDS, STATE AND CITY SECURITIES, RAILROAD BONDS AND STOCKS.

Especial attention paid to purchase and sale of all LOCAL SECURITIES of Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

FIRST CLASS REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES WANTED; ALSO 25,000 WARD SCHOOL BONDS.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, May 1, 1875.

The condition of the local money market continues essentially unchanged, being characterized as easy, as for several days past. There appears to be a more cheerful tone prevailing, as business becomes brisker, without noticeably affecting the supply and demand. An increased activity is apparent in the various departments of trade, and a better inquiry for money may reasonably be looked for in the near future. None of our banks are taxed to meet the demands made upon them, although they admit that calls are steadily increasing, both as to amount and frequency.

The London *Investors' Manual* gives the following as the amounts to be paid in April on account of London and Continental subscriptions to American loans:

	Amount of call.
Pennsylvania Railroad . . .	£ 930 000
Real estate (New York) first mortgage bonds . . .	220,000
Utica, Ithica & Elmira Railroad	60,000
Western Union Telegraph bonds	437,750
Delaware & Hudson Canal . . .	100,000
Total	£1,747,750
Same amount, 1874	1,919,000

The total amount to be paid up this month is £1,747,750 ($8,500,000), against £1,919,900 for same month of last year. The amounts paid up each month this year compare as follows with those of 1874.

	1875.	1874.
January	£1,749,250	£ 996,480
February	1,905,000	1,091,000
March	2,257,500	2,170,000
April	1,747,750	1,919,900
Total	£6,591,500	£6,177,380

The amounts paid up for the first four months of the year exceed slightly those for the same period of last year. These operations have furnished a resource for the drawing of $31,600,000 of exchange; showing that we are borrowing abroad at the rate of about $95,000,000 in gold per annum.

—The Chief of the Bureau of Statistics publishes a statement of the principal articles of British and Irish manufacture exported to the United States during the first three months of 1873, 1874, and 1875, respectively. Most of these exports show a continuous decrease; in some of them there is a considerable falling off, and in one of them—unwrought copper—there is an absolute discontinuance. The decline is most marked in lead, iron, silks, machinery, manufactures of paper, hardware and cutlery, worsted stuffs, carpets, and cotton goods. There is an increase in the exportation of tin plates and sheep and lamb's wool, and a slight revival in that of salt, woolen cloths, and spirits.

Robinson Brothers, Bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

Gold	115¾	5-20's 1867	123¾
U. S. 6's, 1881, coup.	123¾	1868—coupons	123¾
5-20's 1862	119¾	10-40's	117¾
" 1881	121¼	Currency 6's	123
" 1865	122¾	New 5 per cents	119¼
" 1865 new	122	10-40's—coupons	117¾

RAILWAYS.

New York Central	105	Ohio & Mississippi	22¾
Erie	20½	Union Pacific	77
L. Shore	103½	Toledo & Wabash	14½
C. C. & I. C	6	Harlem	134
St. Paul	37	Adams Express	102½
Do. Pref	70	American Express	65
Michigan Southern	76½	U. S. Express	55
Do. Central	90	Wells, Fargo & Co. Ex	93
North Western Com	41¾	Quicksilver	19
Do. Pref	54¾	Fort Wayne	97¾
Rock Island	104½	Cumbrid & St. Joe	25½
Cleve. & Pitts	94½	Panama	156½
Pacific Mail	44¾	Iron Mountain	20
Western Union Tel.	79¾		

Robinson Brothers furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board:

P. R. R. (S)	56¾	Cen. Tran.(B)	44½
Reading (S)	56¾	Empire Tra.(B)	94
Mine Hill & S. R.(S)	57	Penna. R. R.(S)	57¾
Oil Creek (B)	9½	P. C. & S. L. 7's (B)	77½
Lehigh Valley (S)	57¾		

NEW YORK, April 30, 1875.

Money was easy at 3@4 per cent; prime mercantile paper 4 to 6. Sterling was quiet at 487a487¼ for sixty day and 490a490¼ for sight. The dry goods imports for the week were $1,384,408. The customs receipts were $209,000. Gold was firm at 115⅞ a115¾. The borrowing rates were 3a9 per annum, 1-64a1-32 per diem, and flat. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $701,000. The clearings were $33,010,000. The specie engagements for to-morrow's steamers are $1,000,000. Government and railroad bonds are steady. State bonds are quiet.

The stock market opened steady, except for Panama, which went down 2 per cent. As the day advanced there was a decline of ¼ a ⅝ per cent., which was more than recovered later, with a chief advance in Northwest. After one o'clock the market was again weak, with Wabash leading the decline. At the final close the market was steady, with a recovery of ¼ to ¾ from the lowest point. Union Pacific rallied from 76½ to 77¾; Western Union from 14¾ to 14¾. Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph from 26 to 26¾, and Western Union from 79 to 79¾. The large dividend-paying stocks were quiet and without much change. Wabash recovered on the announcement that the directors of the company left here this morning for Toledo to perfect a plan for the financial reorganization of its affairs. The transactions aggregated 110,000 shares, of which 4,000 were Pacific Mail, 36,000 Western Union, 11,000 Northwest, 5,000 Rock Island, 10,000 Erie, 7,000 Lake Shore, 12,000 Wabash, and 15,000 Union Pacific.

Government.—U. S. Coupons of 1881, 123½; 5-20s of '62, 119¾; do of '64, 121¾; do of '65, 123⅛; do new, 122; do of '67, 123¼; do of '68, 123⅜; 10-40s, 117¾; new 5s, 117¾; currency 6s, 123¾.

State Bonds.—Missouri 6s, 100½; Tennessee, old, 70; do new, 70; Virginia, new, 34; do old, 34; North Carolina, old, 30½; do new, 12.

Stocks.—Canton, 62; Western Union Telegraph Company, 79; Quicksilver, 19; Adams Express, 102; Wells & Fargo, 92; American Express, 63¾; United States Express, 56; Pacific Mail, 44¾; New York Central, 105; Erie, 20¾; Erie, preferred, 40; Harlem, 133½; Harlem, preferred, 130; Michigan Central, 72¾; Pittsburgh, 94¼; North Western, common, 41¾; preferred, 54¾; Rock Island, 105½; New Jersey Central, 115¾; St. Paul, 37; St. Paul, preferred, 70½; Wabash, 14¾; Wabash, preferred, 29; Fort Wayne, 98; Terre Haute, 7; Terre Haute, preferred, 21; Chicago & Alton, 106¾; Chicago & Alton, preferred, 110; Ohio & Mississippi, 26½; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 92; Baltimore & Ohio, 116; Lake Shore, 70½; Illinois Central, 103¾; Union Pacific, 77; Central Pacific, 102¾; Union, 101¾; Delaware & Lackawanna 118½; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Company, 26; Panama, 6.

LONDON, April 30—5 P. M.—Consols 93¼a94; 5-20's '65 105⅞; do '67 109¾; 10-40's 103⅞; new 5's, 103⅞; New York Central, 91; Erie 20¼a20½; do preferred, 39½.

PARIS, April 30.—Rentes 63f 85c.

FRANKFORT, April 30.—U. S. 5-20's '62 99¾.

Broom Corn.

The market continues quiet, but the fact does not occasion any uneasiness among holders, some of whom advised quietness during the planting season. Corn is held at the same figures, but there is not so much disposition to advance prices. Consigned lots of consisting of inferior and poor quality will begin concessions; however, those outside sales are few, and could scarcely be considered fair exponents of the market. The demand for broom-corn does not appear to be experienced by all dealers. Some of those with whom we did a shipping trade last year seems report a comparatively light demand in spring, one of the reasons for which is that old growers are engaged in planting, and larger orders have been received from Kansas, Nebraska, and the Pacific slope. The farmers in the above named states will plant more than ever, and the result is heralded by the otherwise omniverous grasshopper. Probably a larger crop will be gathered next fall than ever before will be wanted, as doubtless the surplus will be carried over, while at the end of each season following 1870 the surplus of old corn was quite large. However, it would be easy to overstock the market, as the demand for broom corn in this country is limited at heart. Following the full range of prices, the outside being the highest for the best qualities of the grades named: good to choice hurl, 12@13c; brush fine self work and to a choice hurl to self work, 11@12c; fair to good do., 10@11c; self work, 8@9c; inferior brush, 8@10c; crooked, 6@8c.—*Chicago Tribune.*

Exports From New York.

The following table exhibits the exports from New York for the week ending April 27, as compared with last week, and the corresponding week of last year:

	April 27. 1875.	April 20. 1875.	April 28. 1874.
Flour, bbls	29,300	46,046	62,200
Wheat, bu	336,200	358,364	641,200
Corn, bu	246,200	194,822	815,200
Pork, bbls and tres	3,050	3,256	4,800
Provisions, lbs	1,680,000	2,308,432	5,935,000
Lard, lbs	1,122,600	3,489,186	6,117,300

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

DAILY REPORT OF PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, April 30, 1875.

Trade in general merchandise continues fairly active, better than it has been, and about all that can be expected under existing circumstances; however, there are no new or important features to notice excepting that nearly all the leading articles, including Flour, Grain and Groceries, are very firm in tone with an advancing tendency.

APPLES—Selling in a jobbing way at $2,50@3,50 ₩ bbl. for fair to choice.

APPLE BUTTER—30@35c ₩ gal.

BEANS—We repeat former quotations, in a jobbing lot way, $1,75@1,80 for mediums, and $1,85@1,90 for navies.

BUTTER—Continues to come in freely and the market, even for the best grades, is a shade easier, although prices are still substantial; 29@30 for prime rolls and 32@33 for choice dairy.

CHEESE—The stock in this market is very much reduced and there is a firmer feeling in consequence, but prices are no higher; we continue to quote at 16¾@17c for prime Ohio Goshen, and 17@17½c for New York ditto.

CRANBERRIES—$10@12 ₩ bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Quotable at 7@8c for Apples; 8½@9 for halve Peaches; 6@7 for Elderberries; and 8@9 for Blackberries.

EGGS—There has been no quotable change for several days; 15 is regarded as the ruling rate although we hear of occasional sales at 14@15c.

FLOUR—The market is firm and prices are still tending upward in sympathy with the recent advance in wheat. We quote as follows: Spring wheat flours, ₩ bbl., $5,25@5,50; Minnesota, $5,50@5,75; Ohio, $5,75@6,00; Red Winter, $6,00@6,25; White, $6,40@6,75; Gallatin in bond 95c; State $1,05. Barley firmer at $1,45. Malt firm; Canada West $1,50. Corn less active and lower; mixed western 72@73c; yellow 72@73c; white 73@74c. Oats firmer; 45@46c. Coffee quiet and firm. Sugar steady; fair to good refining 7½@8½c; prime 8 7-16@8½c. Molasses very firm; 46c. Rice quiet and unchanged. Petroleum steady and heavy at a decline; refined 12½@13c; crude 6½c. Stosin dull at $2,00@2,10. Eggs heavy; western 15@16c. Turpentine dull at 35@36c. Pork firm at $22,25. Beef quiet at 10@13c. Cut Meats quiet; clear bellies 12c; rib 12¼c; middles dull; long clear western 12¾c. Lard firmer at 17½@17¾c. Lard firm; dull and heavy; prime steam 15 15-16@16c. Butter firm; western 12@16c. Cheese quiet and unchanged. Whisky dull at $1,16.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, April 30.—Flour firm; superfine $5,50; XX $5,75; XXX $6,00@6,25; family $6,50@7,00. Corn in moderate demand; mixed 56c; yellow and white mixed 56c; white 57c. Oats dull and lower at 73@74c. Bran dull and lower at $1. Hay dull; prime $24. Pork advanced; $24@24,25. Dry salt meats scarce and firm; shoulders 9c; clear rib 12c; clear 12½c. Bacon steady; shoulders 9½c; clear rib 13¾@13¾c; clear 13¾@13¾c. Hams scarce at 14¾@14¾c. Lard quiet; tierces packers 13c; keg 16¼@16½c. Sugar in fair supply and firm; good demand; stock 2,981 hhds; common 7@7½c; good do 7¾c; fully fair 8¾c. Molasses in light supply, but fair demand; stock 4,000 bbls; fair prime and good fermenting quoted at 42@45c; fair rebolled 35@37c; common bottom 60c. Whisky dull and nominal at 91,15@1,16. Coffee unchanged. Corn meal dull at $3,75@3,80.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, April 30.—Cotton quiet; middling 15½c. Flour steady; family $5,40@5,45. Wheat firm; 95@96c. Corn higher; shelled 53@56c; ears on track 70@72c. Oats steady and unchanged. Petroleum quiet; standard white crude 11½c; white refined 20c; naphtha 13½@14c. Lard firmer; kettle 15½c. Whisky $1,13. Pork firm; jobbing at $24,50. Bulk meats $9, 8½, 11¾ @12c. Bacon 9½, 12¾, 13¾@13½c. Sugar cured hams 14@15c; plain 13c. Butter firm; choice 19@20c. Cheese 14½@15c. Clover seed steady at 12@12½c. Pork firm and quiet at $24,50. Lard firm and market firm; prime steam 15¾c asked for good; 15¾c bid. Bulk shoulders active at 9¾c; clear rib 13¾c spot; 12¾c buyer June. Bacon firm; shoulders 9¾c; clear rib 13¾@13¾c; clear 13¾@13¾c. Hams scarce at 14¾@14¾c. Whisky inactive at $1,14.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—Flour active; Wisconsin and Minnesota family $5,65@5,87½; Pennsylvania, Indiana and Ohio $5,75@6,00; high grades $6,00@7,75. Wheat: red $1,23@1,28; amber $1,26@1,42; white $1,45@1,50. Corn active and firmer; yellow 80@81c; mixed 80@80½c. Oats scarce; white 74@77c. Provisions firm. Pork $23,00. Bacon $23,00. Pickled hams 12½c. Lard 15@16c. Petroleum nominal; refined 13½c; crude 8½c. Clover seed; choice 13@13½c; fair to prime 12½@13c. Timothy $4,00@4,25. Flaxseed $1,45@1,50. Whisky active at full prices; 91,13@1,14. Coffee steady and unchanged. Cheese firm; western fine 15½@16½c. Eggs: western fresh quiet at 14@15c.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, April 30.—Flour strong and unchanged. Wheat firm and unchanged. Corn higher at 90½c. Oats dull; white western 70@71c; mixed 67@68c. Rye quiet at $1,05@1,06. Hay dull at $17@24. Provisions quiet. Pork $22,75@23. Bulk meats: shoulders 9c; clear rib sides 12½c. Bacon steady; shoulders 9½c; clear rib sides 13½c. Hams 14½@15c. Lard 16@16½c. Coffee steady and unchanged. Butter steady at 18@20c. Petroleum nominally unchanged. Whisky easier at $1,15.

Foreign.

LONDON, April 30.—Tallow 41s 9d. Refined petroleum 9½@10d.

LIVERPOOL, April 30.—Cotton dull; middling uplands 7¾; Orleans 7¾; sales, including 2,000 for speculation and export, 5,000 bales American. Wheat: No 2 Chicago spring 9s 5d; No 2 Milwaukee 9s 6d; winter firm; No 2 red 9s 6d; white 9s 7d. Corn: new 4s 9d; old 5s 3d. Pork 75s 6d. Beef 73s 6d. Lard 47s 6d. Tallow 41s 6d. Refined petroleum 9½d; spirits 8d. Cheese 63s.

ANTWERP, April 30.—Refined petroleum 27f.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, April 30.—Flour firm; demand fair and market firm. Wheat opened excited and higher, but closed steady: No 1 white Michigan $1,30; extra do $1,30; No 2 do $1,25. Corn better; shelled held at 58@59c; ears on track 70@72c. Oats steady and unchanged. Petroleum quiet; standard white crude 11½c; white refined 20c; naphtha 13½@14c. Lard firmer; kettle 15½c. Clover seed steady at 12@12½c. Pork firm and quiet at $24,50. Bulk meats: demand fair and market firm; shoulders 9¾c asked for good; 13¾c bid. Bulk shoulders active at 9¾c; clear rib 13¾c spot; 12¾c buyer June. Bacon firm; shoulders 9¾c; clear rib 13¾@13¾c; clear 13¾@13¾c. Hams scarce at 14¾@14¾c. Lard quiet; tierces packers 13c; keg 16¼@16½c. Sugar in fair supply and firm; good demand; stock 2,981 hhds; common 7@7½c; good do 7¾c; fully fair 8¾c. Molasses in light supply, but fair demand; stock 4,000 bbls; fair prime and good fermenting quoted at 42@45c; fair rebolled 35@37c; common bottom 60c. Whisky dull and nominal at 91,15@1,16. Coffee unchanged. Corn meal dull at $3,75@3,80.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, April 30.—Cotton quiet; middling 15½c. Flour steady; family $5,40@5,45. Wheat firm; 95@96c. Corn higher; shelled 53@56c; ears on track 70@72c. Oats steady and unchanged. Petroleum quiet; standard white crude 11½c; white refined 20c; naphtha 13½@14c. Lard firmer; kettle 15½c. Clover seed steady at 12@12½c. Pork firm and quiet at $24,50. Bulk meats: demand fair and market firm; shoulders 9¾c asked for good; 13¾c bid. Bulk shoulders active at 9¾c; clear rib 13¾c spot; 12¾c buyer June. Bacon firm; shoulders 9¾c; clear rib 13¾@13¾c; clear 13¾@13¾c. Hams scarce at 14¾@14¾c. Lard quiet; tierces packers 13c; keg 16¼@16½c. Sugar in fair supply and firm; good demand; stock 2,981 hhds; common 7@7½c; good do 7¾c; fully fair 8¾c. Molasses in light supply, but fair demand; stock 4,000 bbls; fair prime and good fermenting quoted at 42@45c; fair rebolled 35@37c; common bottom 60c. Whisky dull and nominal at 91,15@1,16. Coffee unchanged. Corn meal dull at $3,75@3,80.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, April 30.—Cotton quiet at 15¾c. Flour, Wheat and Rye quiet and unchanged. Corn firm at 70@72c. Oats firm at 45@47c. Provisions dull. Pork $23@23,75. Bulk meats $9, 8¾, 11¾ @12c. Bacon 9½, 12¾, 13¾@13½c. Sugar cured hams 14@15c. Lard: good 15½@16c; prime 16@16½c. Whisky $1,13.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, April 30.—Cotton, Flour, Barley and Rye quiet and unchanged. Wheat higher at 91,48. Corn higher at 74@75½c. Oats firmer at 42@43½c. Whisky lower at 91,13. Provisions dull. Pork 122@22,25. Dry salt meats lower at 8, 11¾, 13¾@13¾c. Bacon lower at 9¾, 12¾, 13¾@13¾c. Lard nominal at 15½c.

Boston.

BOSTON, April 30.—Flour steady; superfine western $4,25@4,75; common extra $5,00; high grades $5,50@6,50; white wheat Ohio, Indiana and Michigan $1,30@1,35; Illinois $1,25@1,30; amber do $1,25@1,30; Minnesota $1,20@1,30. Corn quiet; mixed and yellow 72@74c. Oats firm; mixed and white 72@77c.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, April 30.—Cotton quiet at 15½c. Flour steady at $5,25@7,50. Corn active at 57c. Oats: demand active and prices advancing. Bulk Lard: demand fair and market firm; prices unchanged. Bacon steady, in moderate demand and unchanged.

Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 30.—Flour quiet at $5,75@6,25. Wheat steady and in good demand; amber $1,20@1,27; white $1,20@1,30. Corn steady and in moderate demand; ear 70@71c; shelled 62@63c. Oats steady and in good demand; mixed 46c; white 47c. Rye steady at $1,07.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, April 30.—Flour quiet and a shade firmer. Wheat firm; No 1 Milwaukee $1,09½; No 2 $1,06. Oats less active; No 2 in store 39½c. Barley unchanged. Corn scarce and higher; No 2 mixed cash and seller May 53½c. Barley unsettled and easier; No 2 $1,25; No 3 $1,15.

Detroit.

DETROIT, April 30.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm; extra $1,31½; No 1 $1,29½; No 1 $1,24½; amber $1,25. Corn: demand fair and market firm at 75½@78½c. Oats quiet at 45@46c.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Cotton quiet and steady at 15 7-16@15¾c; futures closed barely steady: sales 21,500 bales; May 16 7-32@16 9-32c; June 16 1-16@16 3-32c; July 16 13-32@16 15-32c; August 16 25-32@16 31-32c; September 16 15-16@16 19-32c; October 16 1-16@16 3-32c; November 15 3-4c; December 15 29-32c.

NEW ORLEANS, April 30.—Cotton: demand limited; market steady; preferable kinds are not to be had unless at full prices; ordinary is nominal, the quotations are unchanged; good ordinary to strict good ordinary 14¾@15½c; low middling to strict low middling 15¾@16c; good middling to middling fair 16@16¼c; receipts 729 bales; exports coastwise 5,173; coastwise 404; stock 117,596; annual receipts 1st January No 1, 822; from No 2, 826. Gray Forge, 17,000 bales; receipts next day, 2,000; exports to continent 15,312; coast wise 913; to Great Britain 12,287; 2,150 bales damaged by water sold at 9 5-8@15 per bale.

Live Stock.

BUFFALO, April 30.—Cattle: receipts 1,068 head; total for the week 10,292; no market to-day; fresh arrivals were expected to-morrow. Reports from Eastern markets were very unfavorable, and dealers here are looking for a decline in prices next week. Sheep and lambs: receipts 1,200 head; total for the week 11,200; market at a dead-lock; 10 cars of sheep remaining in the yards unsold, which will be driven to Brighton by buyers. Eastern buyers declining to purchase at the prices demanded. Hogs: receipts 3,000 head; total for the week 12,400; no market to-day; 2 cars only in the yards offering, with no demand except for city trade; Yorkers $7,50@7,65; Philadelphias $7,75@8,00.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Beeves: receipts 1,450 head, making 4,200 head for four days, against 7,240 head for the same time last week; demand very light; market extremely dull, with a decline of 1 cwt; prime to extra steers 12½@12¾c; common to good 10@12c; inferior to ordinary 8@9½c. Total arrivals 1,350 head, making 6,689 for four days, against 14,000 the same time last week; sales somewhat closed dull at former reduced prices, or 6@8c for unshorn sheep, and 4½@5¾c for clipped. Sales: receipts 2,580, making 11,850 for four days, against 18,200 the same time last week; sales slow at 10@10½c for Yorkers; 10½@10¾c for Philadelphias; Sheep: No 1 and super pulled 4½@5c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, April 30.—Wheat firm; No 1, $1,30; No 2 do $1,25. Corn firmer; shelled held at 58@59c; ears on track 70@72c. Oats steady and unchanged. Petroleum quiet; standard white crude 11½c; white refined 20c; naphtha 13½@14c. Lard firmer; kettle 15½c. Clover seed steady at 12@12½c. Pork firm and quiet at $24,50. Bulk meats: demand fair and market firm; shoulders 9¾c asked for good; 13¾c bid. Bulk shoulders active at 9¾c; clear rib 13¾c spot; 12¾c buyer June. Bacon firm; shoulders 9¾c; clear rib 13¾@13¾c; clear 13¾@13¾c. Hams scarce at 14¾@14¾c. Lard quiet; tierces packers 13c; keg 16¼@16½c. Sugar in fair supply and firm; good demand; stock 2,981 hhds; common 7@7½c; good do 7¾c; fully fair 8¾c. Molasses in light supply, but fair demand; stock 4,000 bbls; fair prime and good fermenting quoted at 42@45c; fair rebolled 35@37c; common bottom 60c. Whisky dull and nominal at 91,15@1,16. Coffee unchanged. Corn meal dull at $3,75@3,80.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, April 30.—Cotton quiet at 15¾c. Flour, Wheat and Rye quiet and unchanged. Corn firm at 70@72c. Oats firm at 45@47c. Provisions dull. Pork $23@23,75. Bulk meats $9, 8¾, 11¾ @12c. Bacon 9½, 12¾, 13¾@13½c. Sugar cured hams 14@15c. Lard: good 15½@16c; prime 16@16½c. Whisky $1,13.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, April 30.—Cotton, Flour, Barley and Rye quiet and unchanged. Wheat higher at 91,48. Corn higher at 74@75½c. Oats firmer at 42@43½c. Whisky lower at 91,13. Provisions dull. Pork 122@22,25. Dry salt meats lower at 8, 11¾, 13¾@13¾c. Bacon lower at 9¾, 12¾, 13¾@13¾c. Lard nominal at 15½c.

After this date pork and lard will be given with the quotations of Chicago board, but the prices quoted will be those current when the Grain Board closes at 4 o'clock. The provisions call has been discontinued.

New York.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Flour: receipts 8,000 bbls; firmer and in moderate demand; superfine Western and State $4,50@4,90; common to good $5,05@5,65; good to choice $5,70@5,85; extra Ohio $5,90@6,25; extra White Wheat do $6,25@6,70. Rye flour steady at $4,25@4,60. Corn meal steady at $3@4,50. Wheat: receipts 20,000 bushels; in moderate demand; No 1 spring $1,30; No 3 $1,10@1,18½; No 2 Chicago $1,19@1,21½; No 2 Northwest $1,24@1,31½; No 2 Milwaukee $1,27@1,33; white $1,40@1,45. Corn: quiet and firm in bond 95c; State $1,05. Barley firmer at $1,45. Malt firm; Canada West $1,50. Corn less active and lower; mixed western 72@73c; yellow 72@73c; white 73@74c. Oats: receipts 5,000 bush; mixed western 74@76c; white 76@78½c. Hay quiet at 60@85c. Coffee quiet and firm. Sugar steady; fair to good refining 7½@8½c; prime 8 7-16@8½c. Molasses very firm; 46c. Rice quiet and unchanged. Petroleum steady and heavy at a decline; refined 12½@13c; crude 6½c. Stosin dull at $2,00@2,10. Eggs heavy; western 15@16c. Turpentine dull at 35@36c. Pork firm at $22,25. Beef quiet at 10@13c. Cut Meats quiet; clear bellies 12c; rib 12¼c; middles dull; long clear western 12¾c. Lard firmer at 17½@17¾c. Lard firm; dull and heavy; prime steam 15 15-16@16c. Butter firm; western 12@16c. Cheese quiet and unchanged. Whisky dull at $1,16.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, April 30.—Flour firm; superfine $5,50; XX $5,75; XXX $6,00@6,25; family $6,50@7,00. Corn in moderate demand; mixed 56c; yellow and white mixed 56c; white 57c. Oats dull and lower at 73@74c. Bran dull and lower at $1. Hay dull; prime $24. Pork advanced; $24@24,25. Dry salt meats scarce and firm; shoulders 9c; clear rib 12c; clear 12½c. Bacon steady; shoulders 9½c; clear rib 13¾@13¾c; clear 13¾@13¾c. Hams scarce at 14¾@14¾c. Lard quiet; tierces packers 13c; keg 16¼@16½c. Sugar in fair supply and firm; good demand; stock 2,981 hhds; common 7@7½c; good do 7¾c; fully fair 8¾c. Molasses in light supply, but fair demand; stock 4,000 bbls; fair prime and good fermenting quoted at 42@45c; fair rebolled 35@37c; common bottom 60c. Whisky dull and nominal at 91,15@1,16. Coffee unchanged. Corn meal dull at $3,75@3,80.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, April 30.—Cotton quiet; middling 15½c. Flour steady; family $5,40@5,45. Wheat firm; 95@96c. Corn higher; shelled held at 58@59c; ears on track 70@72c. Oats steady and unchanged. Petroleum quiet; standard white crude 11½c; white refined 20c; naphtha 13½@14c. Lard firmer; kettle 15½c. Clover seed steady at 12@12½c. Pork firm and quiet at $24,50. Bulk meats: demand fair and market firm; shoulders 9¾c asked for good; 13¾c bid. Bulk shoulders active at 9¾c; clear rib 13¾c spot; 12¾c buyer June. Bacon firm; shoulders 9¾c; clear rib 13¾@13¾c; clear 13¾@13¾c. Hams scarce at 14¾@14¾c. Lard quiet; tierces packers 13c; keg 16¼@16½c. Sugar in fair supply and firm; good demand; stock 2,981 hhds; common 7@7½c; good do 7¾c; fully fair 8¾c. Molasses in light supply, but fair demand; stock 4,000 bbls; fair prime and good fermenting quoted at 42@45c; fair rebolled 35@37c; common bottom 60c. Whisky dull and nominal at 91,15@1,16. Coffee unchanged. Corn meal dull at $3,75@3,80.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, April 30.—Wheat firm; No 1, $1,30; No 2 do $1,25. Corn firmer; shelled held at 58@59c; ears on track 70@72c. Oats steady and unchanged. Petroleum quiet; standard white crude 11½c; white refined 20c; naphtha 13½@14c. Lard firmer; kettle 15½c. Clover seed steady at 12@12½c. Pork firm and quiet at $24,50. Bulk meats: demand fair and market firm; shoulders 9¾c asked for good; 13¾c bid. Bulk shoulders active at 9¾c; clear rib 13¾c spot; 12¾c buyer June. Bacon firm; shoulders 9¾c; clear rib 13¾@13¾c; clear 13¾@13¾c. Hams scarce at 14¾@14¾c. Lard quiet; tierces packers 13c; keg 16¼@16½c. Sugar in fair supply and firm; good demand; stock 2,981 hhds; common 7@7½c; good do 7¾c; fully fair 8¾c. Molasses in light supply, but fair demand; stock 4,000 bbls; fair prime and good fermenting quoted at 42@45c; fair rebolled 35@37c; common bottom 60c. Whisky dull and nominal at 91,15@1,16. Coffee unchanged. Corn meal dull at $3,75@3,80.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, April 30.—Cotton quiet at 15¾c. Flour, Wheat and Rye quiet and unchanged. Corn firm at 70@72c. Oats firm at 45@47c. Provisions dull. Pork $23@23,75. Bulk meats $9, 8¾, 11¾ @12c. Bacon 9½, 12¾, 13¾@13½c. Sugar cured hams 14@15c. Lard: good 15½@16c; prime 16@16½c. Whisky $1,13.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, April 30.—Cotton, Flour, Barley and Rye quiet and unchanged. Wheat higher at 91,48. Corn higher at 74@75½c. Oats firmer at 42@43½c. Whisky lower at 91,13. Provisions dull. Pork 122@22,25. Dry salt meats lower at 8, 11¾, 13¾@13¾c. Bacon lower at 9¾, 12¾, 13¾@13¾c. Lard nominal at 15½c.

Boston.

BOSTON, April 30.—Flour steady; superfine western $4,25@4,75; common extra $5,00; high grades $5,50@6,50; white wheat Ohio, Indiana and Michigan $1,30@1,35; Illinois $1,25@1,30; amber do $1,25@1,30; Minnesota $1,20@1,30. Corn quiet; mixed and yellow 72@74c. Oats firm; mixed and white 72@77c.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, April 30.—Cotton quiet at 15½c. Flour steady at $5,25@7,50. Corn active at 57c. Oats: demand active and prices advancing. Bulk Lard: demand fair and market firm; prices unchanged. Bacon steady, in moderate demand and unchanged.

Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 30.—Flour quiet at $5,75@6,25. Wheat steady and in good demand; amber $1,20@1,27; white $1,20@1,30. Corn steady and in moderate demand; ear 70@71c; shelled 62@63c. Oats steady and in good demand; mixed 46c; white 47c. Rye steady at $1,07.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, April 30.—Flour quiet and a shade firmer. Wheat firm; No 1 Milwaukee $1,09½; No 2 $1,06. Oats less active; No 2 in store 39½c. Barley unsettled and easier; No 2 $1,25; No 3 $1,15.

Detroit.

DETROIT, April 30.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm; extra $1,31½; No 1 $1,29½; No 1 $1,24½; amber $1,25. Corn: demand fair and market firm at 75½@78½c. Oats quiet at 45@46c.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Cotton quiet and steady at 15 7-16@15¾c; futures closed barely steady: sales 21,500 bales; May 16 7-32@16 9-32c; June 16 1-16@16 3-32c; July 16 13-32@16 15-32c; August 16 25-32@16 31-32c; September 16 15-16@16 19-32c; October 16 1-16@16 3-32c; November 15 3-4c; December 15 29-32c.

NEW ORLEANS, April 30.—Cotton: demand limited; market steady; preferable kinds are not to be had unless at full prices; ordinary is nominal, the quotations are unchanged; good ordinary to strict good ordinary 14¾@15½c; low middling to strict low middling 15¾@16c; good middling to middling fair 16@16¼c; receipts 729 bales; exports coastwise 5,173; coastwise 404; stock 117,596; annual receipts 1st January No 1, 822; from No 2, 826. Gray Forge, 17,000 bales; receipts next day, 2,000; exports to continent 15,312; coast wise 913; to Great Britain 12,287; 2,150 bales damaged by water sold at 9 5-8@15 per bale.

Live Stock.

BUFFALO, April 30.—Cattle: receipts 1,068 head; total for the week 10,292; no market to-day; fresh arrivals were expected to-morrow. Reports from Eastern markets were very unfavorable, and dealers here are looking for a decline in prices next week. Sheep and lambs: receipts 1,200 head; total for the week 11,200; market at a dead-lock; 10 cars of sheep remaining in the yards unsold, which will be driven to Brighton by buyers. Eastern buyers declining to purchase at the prices demanded. Hogs: receipts 3,000 head; total for the week 12,400; no market to-day; 2 cars only in the yards offering, with no demand except for city trade; Yorkers $7,50@7,65; Philadelphias $7,75@8,00.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Beeves: receipts 1,450 head, making 4,200 head for four days, against 7,240 head for the same time last week; demand very light; market extremely dull, with a decline of 1 cwt; prime to extra steers 12½@12¾c; common to good 10@12c; inferior to ordinary 8@9½c. Total arrivals 1,350 head, making 6,689 for four days, against 14,000 the same time last week; sales somewhat closed dull at former reduced prices, or 6@8c for unshorn sheep, and 4½@5¾c for clipped. Sales: receipts 2,580, making 11,850 for four days, against 18,200 the same time last week; sales slow at 10@10½c for Yorkers; 10½@10¾c for Philadelphias; Sheep: No 1 and super pulled 4½@5c.

(For Latest River Intelligence see Fourth Page.)

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

ST. LOUIS PER MOLLIE EBERT.—100 bbls flour J Porterfield; 300 sks shipstuffs J A Hunter; 30 bbls seed Sanger & N; 40 coils rope iron bt large iron Graff B & C; 3 carriages Meintosh, Rumphill & Co; 300 bbls flour F W Jencks & Co; 15 dz chairs J W Woodward & Son; 6 dor chairs H Muldaun & Son; 25 doz chairs J L Lytle & co; 3 pigs wardrobe F G Weiss; 26 pigs shipstuff Schoenaker & Co; 82 pigs pig iron Loomis & Co; 10 bdls rims L Giessenkamp; 20 bdls pig iron owner.

CINCINNATI PER KITTIE HEILER.—5 bales hemp Allen Baird & Co; 1 bale feathers Graff B & C; 12 cans soft chairs Chas A Schoenack; 14 bbls glass A Klein & Co; 4 bbls glass Wm Cooper; 222 do corn R Dickey & Co; 5 bales

HOME NEWS.

Gen. Sherman's Book.

The memoirs of Gen. Wm. T. Sherman, which will be published May 15, by Messrs. D. Appleton & Co., will be one of the books of the season. From the advance sheets an idea is gained of its general character. It is written in a straightforward, vivacious style, and will on that account be popular with the masses. Then it gives glimpses of the war, fresh and suggestive, which will make it very valuable as a history. And lastly, to all who would thoroughly understand some of the great movements which brought such military glory to our arms, it will be invaluable. Its appearance is therefore looked to with great interest by the reading public.

Board of Health.

Messrs. McCann, Asdale, Graham, Arthurs, and Backofen were present at the special meeting of the Board of Health last night, called for the purpose of considering proposed changes in the plans for a new hospital in the Thirteenth ward, such as having the inside of the hospital and dwelling plastered instead of lined with felt paper, etc. On motion of Dr. Arthurs, Messrs. McKain and Kimball, the contractors for the buildings, were directed to plaster the interior of them, also to line the basements with boards and alter the windows so as to admit of better ventilation. These alterations will cost $413 additional. The contract for two heaters, one in each building, was awarded to John M. Patterson at $175 each. After attending to other business of no special importance, the Board adjourned.

Suits for Alleged Slander.

A suit for alleged slander was begun in the Common Pleas Court No. 2 yesterday by Mary E. Barland vs. John Norris et ux. The offense was committed, as plaintiff avers, on the 4th day of July, 1874. A summons was issued. A like action was also brought against the same parties by William C. Demerst and wife in right of the latter, in which a summons was served.

A similar action was brought in the same Court by Margaret Collins, by her father and next friend Thomas Collins, against John Criggans et. ux. The alleged slander, as is set forth in the petition, consisted in the defendant's saying that the plaintiff had stolen five pairs of window curtains out of one Mr. O'Neil's house, which it is claimed, has been of great injury to the good name and reputation of said plaintiff. The amount of damages claimed is $5,000. A summons was issued.

THE CLARK-McCULLY BOND.

The Jury Returns a Verdict for the Plaintiff.

The jury in the "Friendship Bond" case returned a sealed verdict yesterday morning in favor of the plaintiff, Mr. Robert D. Clark. A large crowd was present at the opening of Court, eager to hear the result. It is understood that a ballot was taken by the jury shortly after retirement at ten o'clock Thursday morning, when it appeared that eight were in favor of a verdict for the plaintiff and four for the defendants. In the early part of the afternoon a second ballot was taken, resulting in a vote of ten for the plaintiff and four for the defendants. The last ballot, we understand, was the third, when the jury were unanimous for the plaintiff. It is said the case will now be taken to the Supreme Court, and that tribunal will be asked to review the proceedings of the Court below.

CAPTURED.

An Alleged Burglar Safely Lodged in Jail

During yesterday afternoon, ex-Chief of Police Clark, of Allegheny, assisted by Officer Gabby, both of whom are now connected with Alderman McKelvey's office, succeeded in arresting a young man named Patrick Coll, on a charge of having committed the burglary on Tuesday night in C. A. Brown's gents furnishing store, at the corner of Park Way and Federal street. They arrested him on Spring alley, in this city, and at once took him before Alderman McKelvey, where Clark had preferred a charge of burglary against him. The Alderman committed him to jail for a hearing. Officer Clark is fully satisfied that he has got the right party, and he thinks that before he is through with this young man he will be able to prove that he is the party who has been committing the burglaries in Allegheny during the past few months.

AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

"The Color Guard" will have its last two presentations to-day; this afternoon and evening. It has had a fairly successful week and afforded entertainment to many, and those who are of a martial disposition will enjoy its mimic battles and particularly the skillful, well executed evolutions of the Heath Zouaves, one of the best drilled companies in the United States.

Next week Frank Frayne appears in "Si Slocum," a border drama.

"Know Thyself."

Prof. O. S. Fowler, the greatest of living phrenologists, will give two of his entertaining and highly instructive lectures on Monday and Wednesday evenings next week. He will also be at the Monongahela House, where all who wish to avail themselves of the opportunity to thoroughly know themselves will have that privilege. Prof. Fowler stands at the head of his profession, and his portrayals of human character and capacities of individuals are not mere guess work, but are the results of a scientific investigation into the principles of phrenology. This may be the last opportunity that will ever be given to get the benefit of his knowledge, and those who would make the best of themselves should avail themselves of it.

Trimble's Varieties.

The Praeger family, Snow Bros., and their performing dogs, Minnie Lee and other stars still hold the boards at this theatre. A matinee will be given at two o'clock this afternoon, and to-night another performance will take place, and at both, an attractive programme will be presented. The large attendance at this place of amusement during the past week, shows that the performances have been duly appreciated.

Germania Orchestra.

The tenth of the Germania Orchestra concerts attracted an audience yesterday afternoon which was fully as large as any previous one, and every seat was occupied. Owing to want of space we can refer but briefly to it this morning.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MR. J. L. TOOLE had a fair audience at Library Hall, last evening, on the occasion of his farewell benefit, not so large a one, however, as his superior merits deserved. The performance was excellent throughout and those present were unsparing in their applause. Mr. Toole makes his last appearance in Pittsburgh at the matinee this afternoon.

MRS. SARAH J. CONWAY, the well-known actress, who died in Brooklyn on Thursday, was the daughter of a clergyman, of Stanford, Conn. Her maiden name was Sarah J. Crocker, and she was a sister of Mrs. D. P. Bowers, one of the most noted actresses on the stage at present. She was a widow of B. F. Conway, a leading actor and manager, who died in September last. She leaves a young daughter, both promising actresses, and a young son. Mrs. Conway was about forty years of age.

THIRTEENTH WARD REPUBLICANS.

Meeting of the Republican Club Last Night—Resolutions Adopted.

A meeting of the Republican Club of the Thirteenth ward was, held last night at their rooms on the corner of Webster avenue and Kirkpatrick street, for the purpose of passing resolutions in regard to the action of the Republican County Executive Committee, which met at the Lincoln club rooms on Tuesday, to select candidates to the State Convention which meets at Lancaster next month.

On coming together, an organization was affected by calling Mr. Henry Metzgar to the chair, who proceeded to state the object of the meeting, and spoke of the dissatisfaction existing in regard to the selection of delegates to the State convention.

A committee on resolutions was appointed, consisting of the following gentlemen: P. K. Wahlter, N. S. Smith, Alonzo Earley, John A. Hunter and Edward Taylor.

The committee presented the following, which was unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, At a meeting of the Tax Collectors and other servants and employes of the City Hall patriots, held under a call for a meeting of the Republican County Executive Committee, at Lincoln Club Rooms, on the 27th inst., a printed programme was presented and religiously adhered to by the aforesaid classes, who were in the majority; and

WHEREAS, We are of the large majority who do not believe that there is any special act of Assembly that locates the brains and wisdom of the people of Allegheny county in the heads of a few City Hall employes, and as a consequence of this unbelief, we are opposed to the aforesaid gentlemen selecting delegates to the State or any Convention for us, at least until our rights as voters are so abridged as to compel us to obtain and vote such tickets as they may approve; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we ignore the action of the tax collectors and City Hall employes, and hold a primary election for delegates to a Convention, to select delegates to the State Convention on Saturday, May 15th, between the hours of 4 and 7 o'clock, P. M.

Resolved, That we request other districts to co-operate with us in condemning and resisting this important assumption of power, to act for the thousands of voters of the county of Allegheny.

Resolved, That the city members and the members of the County Committee from other districts who could not be coaxed, frightened or whipped into support of the printed programme, we extend our thanks and express our admiration for the back bone and good judgment displayed in their opposition.

After adopting the above as the sense of the club, the meeting adjourned to assemble in the same place in one week.

Fresh Baked Boston Brown Bread

at our factory Saturday morning, 91 and 93 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. S. S. Marvin & Co., baked by request of some who ate it at he Centennial Tea Party.

50 Cent Window Brushes

at J. D. Thompson & Co.'s, 176 and 178 Wood street.

Beautiful designs for funerals in choice flowers at short notice, at E. H. Bochmann's, 132 Smithfield street.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Brief Notes of Matters Personal and Otherwise.

REV. JOHN COIL, formerly of this city, but now of Leetonia, is just recovering from a very severe attack of typhoid fever.

THE Baptists at Fairoaks, P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., have collected enough there and in the city here to build a neat chapel this season.

COMMUNION services will be held to-morrow morning in St. Peter's Episcopal church, conducted by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Spalding.

LUTHERAN Church, corner Stockton avenue, Allegheny, Rev. J. G. Goerman, pastor. Services at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M. to-morrow.

LIBERTY GILLESPIE, pastor of the East Liberty Presbyterian church, in this city, returns from Virginia this week, greatly refreshed and invigorated.

REV. W. P. MOORE, of Allegheny, preached the sermon at the installation of Rev. W. S. Fulton as pastor of the Oil City Presbyterian church this week.

IN THE Seventh Presbyterian church of this city, of which Rev. F. R. Senour is pastor, an addition of over twenty-five has been lately made to the membership.

REV. DR. WALLACE suffered a severe loss in the burning of his dwelling and its contents, even to his library and manuscripts, on Saturday morning, the 17th inst.

SERVICES to-morrow, Sabbath, in the First R. P. Church, corner Sandusky and South Diamond street, Allegheny, by the Rev. John Alford, at 10:30 A. M., and 2:30 P. M.

THE Presbyterian church at Wilkinsburg, Rev S. M. Henderson, has received an accession of nearly thirty, as the result of the work of grace in progress there for some time.

REV. S. E. MCKITTERICK, pastor-elect of the Third U. P. church, Allegheny, will conduct the services in that church to-morrow. It is expected that he will be installed before long.

THE Reformed Presbyterian church, on Eighth street, this city, Rev. A. M. Milligan pastor, held their regular communion on last Sabbath, upon which occasion twenty-eight new members were admitted.

SERVICES in the Grace Memorial Presbyterian church, Arthur street, this city, to-morrow morning and evening. The pastor, Rev. W. H. Thomas, will preach in the evening on "The Joy of the Angels."

REV. JOS. KING, pastor of the First Christian Church, corner of Arch street and Montgomery ave., Allegheny, lectures again to-morrow evening on "Primitive Christianity, and the Bible an all-sufficient Creed."

AN adjourned ministers meeting will be held at the Alliance Rooms, corner Penn and Sixth streets, on Wednesday next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to conclude arrangements for the coming National Temperance Convention.

SUNDAY SCHOOL teachers are invited to the noon meeting to-day at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms. Lesson, "The Death of Samson." J. Robinson will lead the meeting. Meeting commences at 12 M. and continues 45 minutes."

"THE DEATH OF SAMSON" Judges 16. 25-31, is the lesson for the Sabbath School at the Alliance Rooms, corner of Penn avenue and Sixth street, at 9 o'clock, P. M., to-morrow. Temperance meeting at 3 o'clock in the same place.

THE REV. R. W. Pearson, D. D., will preach morning and evening in the Fourth Avenue Baptist church. Morning sermon on "Threads of Silver in Clouds of Gloom." Evening discourse, in connection with recent strikes and impending industrial troubles, "Employers and Employed; Breakers Ahead!"

ST. CYPRIAN'S Mission, 52 Wylie street, Holy Communion during the morning service to-morrow. Preaching by the Rector, Rev. Wm. Floyd, at 3 P. M. Confirmation service will be held by the Rt. Rev. Bishop of the diocese. The Mission choir will be assisted by the choir of St. Mark's Episcopal Church, South Side.

WE are requested to say that we were misinformed in the statement that Rev. Alexander Young was elected Professor of Biblical Literature and Apologetics in the U. P. Theological Seminary at Xenia, Ohio. He was unanimously *nominated* for the Professorship. The election lies with the Synods which supports the Seminary.

ON a recent Sunday thirty-two, of thirty-five on probation, were received into full membership in Christ M. E. church, Rev. Dr. B. F. Brooke, pastor. Sabbath week the congregation, after an appropriate presentation of the wants of the Sunday-school connected with the charge, gave very cheerfully over five hundred dollars for its use.

THERE will be a sermon by Rev. Wm. Collier, D. D., followed by the Lord's Supper, at the First Methodist church, Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, on to-morrow morning. Preaching at night by Rev. Alexander Clark. The pastor, Rev. Dr. Marraty, expects to preach, morning and night, to Rev. Mr. Westfall's congregation at Beaver Falls.

THE Christian Union at Bellefield has instituted a course of free lectures delivered in the Presbyterian church in that pleasant portion of the Fourteenth ward. Major Moreland delivered a lecture last Thursday evening on Thomas Babington Macaulay. On Thursday, the 13th of May, the next lecture of the course will be delivered by A. W. Foster, on "American Politics."

TO-MORROW, Sunday afternoon, the Hazelwood Presbyterian Sabbath school will hold its annual anniversary celebration, on which occasion the whole congregation and friends of the school are expected to be present. Among the speakers likely to be in attendance will be Dr. Alex. Clark, Rev. Mr. Holland, Mr. Orr, of the Y. M. C. A., and other members of that association.

THE Rev. A. W. Batts, of the Smithfield street M. E. church, has been granted a vacation by his congregation—indefinite period—owing to the illness of his wife, who is now at New Waterford, Ohio. The pulpit will be supplied next month by Rev. I. C. Pershing, D.D., who will administer the communion, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Joseph Horner. In the evening Rev. J. Vannote will preach.

IT is proposed that the committee appointed by the Pittsburgh Conference, at its recent session, to consider questions relating to a division of the Conference, shall hold a meeting for that purpose on Friday, May 14th, at the hour of 10½ A. M. The reason for selecting this time is to give the members of the committee an opportunity to attend the National Temperance Convention to be held in this city May 12th.

SEVENTY-EIGHT Presbyteries of the Presbyterian church have voted on the overture in relation to rotation in the Eldership. The vote in the Presbytery of Rock River was a tie. As now reported, 56 Presbyteries have voted in the affirmative, and 18 in the negative. At present it is by no means certain that the overture has carried, notwithstanding the large vote in its favor, since a majority of Presbyteries—88—must vote for it.

THE regular quarterly communion services took place in the Fifth U. P. church, Allegheny, on last Sabbath, on which occasion some twenty-five or thirty new members were taken in, including eleven by profession of faith,—all but one—out of the Sabbath school connected with this church. The pastor, Rev. J. W. Witherspoon, was assisted by Rev. Mr. Sharp, of Raccoon Presbytery. Services in this church to-morrow at the usual hours, 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M.

THE friends of Dr. J. M. Thoburn in this country, and they are many, were gratified to learn, some time ago, that they might expect a visit from him soon. It was understood that he was returning to arrange for the education of his son. The latest report, however, is that he will not return at this time, for the reason that the pressing demands of the work in Calcutta, where he is superintending the erection of a large ornacle for his congregation, will not justify his presence at present.

A MEETING of the Church Extension Board of the M. E. Church will be held at the Methodist Episcopal Church rooms, 131 Smithfield street, Tuesday, May 11th, at 10½ A. M. Members of the Board are as follows: J. W. Baker, chairman, A. W. Butts, R. T. Miller, J. Horner, and Charles Hare, officers, and the following managers: S. P. Woolf, S. F. Minor, A. Bradley, J. W. F. White, W. B. Lindsay, A. A. Wolf. All the members are requested to be present.

THE Communion of the Lord's Supper will be dispensed to-morrow in the Wylie avenue church, Rev. W. H. Knox, pastor. In the morning at 10½ o'clock there will be a sermon by the pastor. In the afternoon at 3 o'clock an address suitable to the occasion will be made by the Rev. John S. Sands, who will also assist the pastor in dispensing the holy emblems. The closing service will be held in the evening at 7½ o'clock, when the Rev. Thomas H. Hanna, of the Second church, will preach a sermon.

THERE will be regular services in the North Avenue M. E. Church, Allegheny, to-morrow morning and evening—the pastor preaching on both occasions. In the afternoon, commencing at two o'clock, the Ninth Anniversary meeting of the Sunday School will be held. The programme, as arranged, embraces music from the church choir and the school, a report from the officers, and brief addresses by Hon. Rev. A. D. F. Brooke, of Christ M. E. Church, Rev. Dr. I. C. Pershing, of the Pittsburgh Female College, and the pastor, Rev. E. B. Snyder.

A REGULAR meeting of the Convocation of the Brownsville Deanery was held in Trinity church, Washington, Pa., on the 31st of March and the 1st of April. Sermons were preached by the Bishop of the Diocese, the Rev. R. S. Smith, Dean, and the Rev. H. E. Hayden; the Holy Communion being celebrated by the Bishop. The usual reports upon church progress and mission work were made. Several topics of interest were discussed by the clergy present. At the concluding service, on the evening of April 1st, the rector, the Rev. J. K. Nutterville, presented twelve persons for confirmation.

THE "Jubilee" will be commenced in Catholic Churches to-day. It is held every twenty five years, and is for the purpose of praying for the spiritual and temporal welfare of the Holy Father, Pope Pius the Ninth, and also to pray for the conversion of heretics. It will begin on Saturday, May 1, and continue for fifteen days. The faithful, to gain a plenary indulgence, must visit four churches once a day during the continuance of the jubilee. The following are the churches: St. John's, St. Michael's, St. Peter's and St. Paul's Cathedral. The services will consist of two masses daily, the first by Rev. Donnelly and the second by Rev. Pollard. In the evenings there will be a sermon and benediction.

THE receipts for the month ending April 11th, by the Board of Church Extension of the Presbyterian church were: Presbyteries, $532 50; congregations, $221 50; loan fund, $250; Sabbath schools, $32; individuals, $4; total, $1,075; payments, $2,287.

In addition to the above, special contributions were reported: Sabbath-schools of First and Second Churches, Allegheny, to Port Huron, $150; Sabbath-schools of Rock Island, $126 68; individuals for same $374 05. The First and Second Churches, Pittsburgh have shown their continued interest in the loan fund by the contribution of $250. As new work has been undertaken, as the appropriations already made will not be met by the contributions of the current year, unless prompt and liberal help is given during this month.

BOLD ROBBERY.

An Italian Girl Walks Off With a Lot of Valuables—She is Arrested and the Property Recovered.

It appears that an Italian girl made application, a few days ago, to the vender of eatables, who holds forth on the Fifth avenue side of the *Commercial* building, for a situation, representing that she was homeless and destitute, something to do. She was taken into the family and given work, and everything passed off satisfactorily until last night, when the strange girl walked off with a lot of jewelry and money to the amount of about $200. The police were immediately notified, who started in pursuit and succeeded in capturing their prisoner under a bed, in a house of ill repute on Third avenue. The missing property was found on her person, which was recovered.

The Reason Why—Matters of Interest to the Public.

Some persons in advertising their business make very broad assertions, not always warranted by the facts in the case. Thus we find persons asserting that they sell the only good piano or organ in the market, and that all others are but imitations, and much more to the same effect; and while all interested make equally positive assertions it is sometimes hard to distinguish tother from which, but where there is such good grounds for assuming this position as S. Hamilton, of 77 Fifth avenue, has, we certainly think he would not be true to his own interests nor to the general public, if he did not assert it, and it would certainly be to the advantage of any other dealer who may have as good grounds for the faith that is in him to publish the facts so that the public may discriminate between them and such as make unwarranted pretensions. In the first place, the piano and organ house of S. Hamilton was established over four years ago as the only exclusively piano and organ store west of New York. Mr. H.'s past experience having confirmed him in the belief that to do justice to his patrons who invested from $100 to $1,000 in a piano or organ deserved more attention than he who bought a five-cent Jew's harp. He therefore determined to give his whole time and attention to this exclusive business, and the result has been that to-day the house of S. Hamilton stands, deservedly so, at the head of the music houses of Pittsburgh, being, according to the new business returns, nearly *one-third* greater than that of any other house in Pittsburgh, and as much as some five of the ordinary ones all thrown together, and as far as known larger than any other music house in Pennsylvania. This in itself is very satisfactory. But the most desirable consideration, and the one that commends itself most to every reader of this paper is, that owing to the extent and volume of their trade they are enabled absolutely to control the best made, the best toned, and by reason of these excellences the most popular brands of pianos and organs made in this country, while their manner of doing business, buying strictly for cash, net 60 or 90 days but cash, gives them the lowest possible prices and discounts to be had in the trade. In addition to this their business is so thoroughly systematized that with the same number of hands they handle their large trade more easily than others who are doing a do one-half the amount of business. In the matter of rent, Mr. H.'s rent being over *two thousand dollars per annum less* than others in the same business who only do about two-thirds as much trade, you will observe in this as in everything else, the strictest economy consistent with thoroughness, is practiced with the one great object in view, viz., to give the purchaser the best possible quality of goods for the lowest possible price and on the very easiest terms of payment. That they have accomplished this to the satisfaction of the public is very evident from the rapidly increasing amount of their trade, and if you need any further proof of this just call and see and hear, and we know you will buy either an Estey Cottage Organ or a Braddeus Upright or Square Piano. Remember the place is S. Hamilton's, 77 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.

NEW DRESS GOODS.

Hugus & Hacke

have now open their last week's purchases of Dress Goods in all the popular fabrics, comprising the latest novelties in Plain and Plaid Camel's Hair, and a superb assortment of De-Beges, in Plain, Serjet and Plaid. Also an unlimited supply of other desirable fabrics. Alpacas, Mohairs, Brilliantines, Challies, Cashmeres and Mourning Goods of every description.

Fifth avenue and Market street.

Gas Fixtures—Hydrant Hose, &c.

The card in another column of Messrs. Weldon & Kelly, No. 147 Wood street, is a memorandum to their friends and patrons that now as heretofore, their establishment is supplied with a full and complete assortment of all goods in their line, and offering inducements to purchasers rarely equaled by any house of its class either East or West.

And indeed we may say that parties who buy of their goods in the Eastern markets to waste their time and money, as the general excellence of their goods, their elaborate workmanship, their beauty of style and finish, and their reasonableness of price, all combine to make them preferable to a purchase in any other market whatever. They are also agents for many useful improvements, among which is one that should be examined by every one who prizes comfort, cleanliness and economy to their opposites. This is the celebrated Boynton Heater which has become so famous in the East.

Messrs. Watt, Lang & Co.

By reference to our advertising columns, the many friends and patrons of the time-honored and reputable establishment of Messrs. Watt, Lang & Co., 172 and 174 Wood street, will be pleased to learn that the firm name so familiar, and so long associated with all that is best and most in quality of goods and honesty and fair dealing, is still to be preserved by the accession to the firm of Mr. John W. Watt, who possesses every agreeable business requisite, as also the natural qualities of a leader, activity and affability of manner. Mr. Lang still remains a member of the firm—and is so well known that commendation is unnecessary and superfluous. That the new firm make an efficient investment in this (as was the old) is but to affirm that worth and merit must meet with public favor and patronage. Pleasure and profit must ever result to those who may favor this house with their orders.

Pure Grated Horseradish

This condiment is often made from turnips, and nearly everything else, whether eatable or wearable, is counterfeited, but the boots and shoes of R. Taggart, 139 Federal street, Allegheny, have neither false soles, paper soles, or soles filled with rags, wood and rubbish, as are many of the boots and shoes which are sold cheap in the endeavor to compete with his low prices. His cheapness has a solid foundation. He purchases of immense quantities, cash in hand the moment the goods are purchased, and no bad debts in retailing to his customers, enable him to sell at a profit which not one-house in ten can possibly reach.

Ham and Eggs, Fish, &c.

The greasy dish of ham and eggs is sure to be followed by biliousness, indigestion, and eventually dyspepsia. Beef, mutton and other meats are very little better. Nothing will so repair the waste and decay of the system and renew the life powers as the constant eating of fish. Two-thirds of the nervous system is phosphorus, and this is the essential ingredient of fish. Fresh fish of every variety, and as pure as their native element, are always to be had at the stall of B. Pulpress, No. 45 Diamond Market. Retail dealers supplied in all quantities at the very lowest prices. Orders from the country filled with promptness and dispatch.

An Offer for the Million.

There is now offered by Mr. B. Tiegel, at No. 53 Smithfield street, a large and complete assortment of new and fashionable piece goods for spring and summer wear. Who ever knew Tiegel to have on his counters a piece of inferior cloth, or a pattern of a "played-out" style? He keeps the best materials and makes them up in excellent style. If Tiegel can't suit you, then a fine lunch is at your service. Go and make his acquaintance and be happy.

Pittock Sold 500 New York Graphics

of 29th. Another supply on the way. *Good Sunday reading.* Five cents with supplement.

Parlor Furniture.

All our parlor furniture is hand-made, and will be upholstered in any style purchasers may direct. Every article is new and of the latest design.

J. H. LYTLE & CO.,
Successors to T. B. Young & Co.,
169 Smithfield street.

Fresh Books Received.

A fresh assortment of very readable books just received at Gildenemyr's, No. 69 Fifth avenue. All the latest weeklies and monthlies received as soon as published. Juvenile books of every description.

Children's Carriages.

A large assortment and at very low prices at J. D. Thompson & Co., 176 and 178 Wood street.

Repair—Improve—Remodel.

Secure the services of Samuel Wood, Jr., carpenter, corner of Penn avenue and Ninth street, for all jobbing, repairing and remodeling, as he is honestly done and never fails to give satisfaction. Prices moderate.

Lawn Vases, Parlor Vases and Hanging Baskets, of great variety of design and neatness of finish as well as cheapness of price, at the Terra Cotta Depot of N. C. Walker & Co., No. 372 Penn street.

Hickory Brooms,

for Iron mills and Glass houses, at J. D. Thompson & Co.'s, 176 and 178 Wood street.

Remodeling

Samuel Wood, Jr., corner Penn avenue and Ninth street, gives special attention to remodeling stores, dwellings and business houses.

Pittock Sold 500 New York Graphics

of 29th. Another supply on the way. *Good Sunday reading.* Five cents with supplement.

THE GREAT OIL COMBINATION.

Partial Revival of the Famous "South Imp." Company—What the Central Association Proposes to do—An Effort Making to Control the Oil Trade of the United States—How it is to be Done—The Transportation Problem.

For several weeks past rumors have been current of the organization of an extensive oil combination, but owing to the veil of secrecy with which the matter has been enveloped very little regarding it has reached the public ear. Indeed outside of oil circles it may be said that comparatively nothing is known. Hints have been sparsely dropped here and there, but they were so indefinite as to leave a seeker for knowledge as much in the dark as ever, but at the same time convey the impression that a thorough investigation of the subject would reveal something tangible. A GAZETTE reporter started out on a probing tour yesterday afternoon and returned to the office with enough information to enable the public to shape a fair idea of the proposed combination and understand what the object of it is. Only the more salient features of the organization and its purposes can now be given, as the details will probably not become public until after it is in working order, should it reach that point.

WHAT IT IS.

The projected combination is in fact a vast and comprehensive joint stock company, known as the Central Association, and is in some respects similar to the old South Improvement Company, against which the producers organized an opposition so formidable as to extinguish it. The idea of forming the Central Association originated in New York city, and the company is organized in accordance with the laws of the State of New York. The firms prominently mentioned in connection with it are Vandergrift & Forman, of New York, the Standard Oil Company, of Cleveland, Rockfeller, of Cleveland, and Warden, Frew & Co., of this city. Mr. Forman, of the first mentioned firm, was in the city last week conferring with our refiners regarding the Association, and we understand that he is now in Cleveland on the same errand.

Those who favor the proposed company claim that its object is to add strength to the trade and to control the market in all the oil centers of the United States, in order to accomplish this purpose it is necessary that a large proportion of the refiners in Pittsburgh, Cleveland, New York, Philadelphia, Titusville, Baltimore, and the towns of the oil region should join the company, and all the influence and arguments of the originators of the scheme are being brought to bear for the purpose of inducing them to do so. Our informant stated that it is the desire to have every refinery in the country unite their fortunes with the combination, and that none, no matter how small their capacity, will be ignored or refused permission to join. "In Union there is strength," is the description under which this matter is being worked and it is the object to unite all the refineries in one grand whole and control prices.

HOW IT IS TO BE DONE.

The Central Association will be managed by an Executive Committee, which shall control the purchase and sale of crude and refined oil, and the action of which in all cases is to be binding upon the refineries. Each refinery is to be assigned a capacity for the nominal price of one dollar, and the owners thereof are to become possessors of a certain amount of the stock of the company. It is distinctly stipulated in the lease that the refineries are to work to capacity, that is, they are to use just so much crude oil as the Executive Committee may allot them for manufacture, and no more. In the event of a refinery violating the lease, it can be cancelled by a four fifths vote of the Executive Committee. The article of agreement provides that the Association, the party of the first part, shall act as the agent to buy all crude and sell all refined oil for the refinery, the party of the second part, and the latter agrees to make no purchases or sales other than such as shall be made by the Association under the power and authority in the contract. It is further stipulated that should the refiner be interested in buying and selling oil it shall be under the direction of the Association. In all purchases and sales made by the Association the refiner is entitled to participate in the proportion the number of shares of stock held by him bears to the whole stock. The charges of purchases and sales are to be ascertained by the Executive Committee upon the first Wednesday of every month, and if it is learned that during the preceding month any member of the company has paid for crude oil less than the average price, he shall pay to the Association the difference between the two, and if he shall have sold refined oil for more then the average price, the same rule is to work. In averaging purchases the net cost of delivery is to be added to the actual cost. The contract also sets forth that the refiner shall report daily all purchases and sales made by him, and that his books shall always be open for inspection by the Executive Committee or its agent.

THE FREIGHT QUESTION.

The Association is authorized to negotiate all railroad and pipe line freights and transportation expenses, and its action in this regard is to be binding upon all. It is further specified, in addition to all that is enumerated above, that all purchases and sales authorized by the Association shall be so made, and that all purchases and sales made by the Association shall be binding. In lieu of the arrangement for allotment, which may be set aside by the unanimous vote of the Executive Committee, the Association is empowered to require the payment from the refiner of a certain sum per gallon of manufactured oil, but said sum not to be less than one-half cent.

The above is the substance of the article of agreement between the refiner and the Association, and gives a fair idea of what an immense power will be wielded by the latter and how it proposes to operate. The question of allotment is doubtless understood by the reader. For instance if a refinery has a capacity of 700 barrels per day the Association, as we understand it, can allot it that many barrels as its daily production, or can curtail the number, with the understanding, of course, that a proportionate curtailment is made in the capacity of all the other refineries.

NEGOTIATIONS IN PROGRESS.

Regarding the arrangement of freight rates with the railroad companies our reporter could learn nothing definite. He understood that no agreement had yet been entered into, but that negotiations are now in progress. As is well known, Cleveland refineries, owing to the discrimination made in their favor, are enabled to transport oil to the seaboard cheaper than Pittsburgh can. It is anticipated that the Central Association will succeed in procuring such an equalization of freight rates that no city will have an advantage over another.

It is estimated that seven-eighths of all the refiners in the United States will join the Association, but the estimate is from an interested party. Many of the Pittsburgh oil men are in favor of it, and others oppose it, the latter being accorded the large majority of producers who fear additional depression in the price of the crude material. It is alleged, however, that the formation of the combination will surely have the effect of decreasing the refining of oil to the extent of from three to five thousand barrels per day, and if that should prove the case the natural effect of it would be to force an increase in the price of crude. It is claimed that the Central Association will cause a somewhat similar combination among producers.

SEVENTY-FIVE PER CENT. INVOLVED.

Regarding this combination, the New York *Tribune* of Thursday says: "The oil trade is agitated by the formation of an extensive combination, which is said to involve already ninety per cent of the refineries. The friends of the movement declare that its object is only to strengthen the trade, and, by maintaining reasonable rates, to prevent the sharp fluctuations which have caused disaster. Opponents of the combination denounce objectionable arrangements with railroads which they declare are to be made, and claim that a perilous monopoly is proposed which will crush out the smaller men and companies in the business. In the present temper of the public every such trade combination is looked upon with suspicion, however just may be its motive."

A PRODUCERS VIEW.

A correspondent signing himself "A Producer" writes thus to the Oil City *Derrick* concerning the new oil ring: "The Refiners' Association appears to be agitating the minds of the producers to a great excitement and has an important effect upon the oil market. While I do not look upon it without some alarm, I cannot blame the refiners for their action. The Association is such a one as every business man should seek to organize in his trade for mutual benefit and protection. As I understand it, the refiners are organizing in order that they may pursue their business with some profit. They have been conducting a losing trade for several years and have been gradually losing money. Their product was selling at a ruinous figure. There was scarcely any margin between the raw material and the manufactured article. To remedy this the refiners have combined to make their business more profitable. Their action is merely a business one, and were we not the ones who will suffer by it, I think we would look upon it in a different light. But there is food for thought for the producers in the action taken by the refiners. If the refining interests combine to make a profitable margin between the price of crude and refined it will result in either forcing the price of refined up or that of crude down. At present it seems as if the latter was to be the result. In this case the producers must meet combination by combination. They must organize and demand a profitable price for their crude product. They are at the source of the business, and with an organization as effective as that of the refiners would be able to control the price or the Association may be able to prove a benefit to Oildom by forcing producers into an organization of their own, and learning them the lesson, which they seem to have forgotten, that in union there is strength."

Pure Bristle Scrubbing Brushes

will not destroy paint. They are manufactured at J. D. Thompson & Co.'s, 176 and 178 Wood street.

FOR ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or the turn of life, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription manifests such a positively remedial influence as to call forth the loudest praise from all who use it.

MR. JOHN A. KINZEY, druggist, of Knob Noster, Mo., writes as follows:

"Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.—*Dear Sir.*—Your medicines sell better than any other I keep, and give universal satisfaction. The people are especially delighted with your Favorite Prescription, and it seems to be a favorite among all that have ever used it." It is sold by druggists and dealers in medicine.

ALLEGHENY FINANCES.

Controller Brown's Statement for April.

Controller James Brown of Allegheny, with his usual promptness, submits the following statement of receipts and expenditures of the city government for the past month:

RECEIPTS.

Markets	$ 949 45
Diamond Scales	211 30
Second Ward Scales	356 61
Fourth Ward Scales	4 27
Wharves and Landings	130 60
Inspector Wood and Bark	50 87
Fines and Forfeitures	334 00
Delinquent Taxes	11,354 89
Regulation of Lots	50 00
Ground Rents	523 17
Sundry Sources	150 00
Water Bonds Sold	39,635 56
Interest on Unexpended Balances	146 08
Grading and Paving	1,789 04
Sewer Construction	1,241 52
Opening and Widening Streets	221 40
Street Permits	191 00
Construction Board-walks	54 25
Sale of Ferrules, &c	225 00
Water Rents, per meter	1,534 89
Rent, Knapp's Battery	157 50
Rent, U. S. P. O. Dep't	400 00
Poor Fund No. 1	8,560 96
Poor Fund No. 2	10,183 00
	$78,354 76

EXPENDITURES.

Salaries	3,388 02
Fire Department	8,380 52
Streets	1,406 79
Wharves and Landings	91 45
Surveys	268 35
Police	3,872 08
Contingent Fund	2,809 94
Water Works	7,358 69
Gas	312 30
City Property	284 03
Grading and paving streets	1,610 43
Sewers	1,607 04
Board of Health	247 22
Park Commissioners	657 91
Interest on Sewer Bonds	4,970 00
Special Assessment for Opening and Widening Streets and Board Walks	1,730 00
Interest on Park Bonds	3,325 00
Poor Fund No. 1	8,527 74
" " 2	12,000 00
Sewer " " 2	785 00
	$63,022 51
Balance in Treasury April 1	$ 28,281 18
Receipts for April	78,354 76
Total	$106,635 94
Disbursements for April	63,022 51
Balance on hand May 1	43,613 43

DEPOSITORY ACCOUNT.

Deposited in City Depositories....$43,013 43

Furniture—Low Prices.

Parlor, Library, Chamber and Dining-room Furniture of every description. L. Lytle & Co., No. 169 Smithfield street, have on hand a very large stock of the latest styles of furniture at very low prices.

Brushes, Notions and Fancy Goods

wholesale at J. D. Thompson & Co.'s, 176 and 178 Wood street.

Steel Brushes,

for Foundry use, all kinds, at J. D. Thompson & Co.'s, 176 and 178 Wood street.

Ornamental.

Lawn Vases of elaborate ornamentation and beauty of finish at N. U. Walker & Co.'s, No. 372 Penn avenue.

Artificial Stone,

71 Federal street, Allegheny.

What the Nervous Require.

What the nervous require more than anything else is invigoration. Sedatives alone will not cure nervousness. The reason that the nerves are so susceptible is that they are weak. Compensate for this deficiency of strength, and over acute nervous sensibility disappears. The most rational, wholesome, and agreeable tonic is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Medical men recommend its use for the cure of general debility, knowing it to possess strength-giving properties of the highest order, and at the same time to be a means of relieving those bodily irregularities which induce nervousness and loss of vigor. It is the best known for dyspepsia, whether nervous or bilious, and is powerfully conservative of a regular habit of body. As it is notorious that those who are afflicted with weak nerves, biliousness or constipation, are peculiarly liable to the influence of malaria, it is invaluable to such persons on account